[English Translation Originally Issued in the Japanese Language]

Security Identification Code: 9531

May 31, 2019

Dear Shareholders:

NOTICE OF CONVOCATION OF THE 219th ANNUAL SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

We hereby would like to inform you of the 219th Annual Shareholders Meeting of Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. (hereinafter, 'the Company'), to be held as described below.

If you are unable to attend the meeting, you may exercise your voting rights through either of the methods described in the next page. In that case, we respectfully ask you to exercise your voting rights after reading the REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS MEETING starting from page 5.

Sincerely yours,

Takashi Uchida

Representative Director, President

TOKYO GAS CO., LTD.

5-20, Kaigan 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo

1. Date and Hour: 10 a.m., Thursday, June 27, 2019

2. Place: Tokyo Gas Building 2F

5-20, Kaigan 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo

3. Agenda:

(1) Matters to report:

'Business Report,' 'Consolidated Financial Statements,' 'Non-Consolidated Financial Statements,' 'Independent Auditor's Report' and 'Audit Report' by the Audit & Supervisory Board on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the 219th fiscal year (from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019)

(2) Matters to resolve:

Proposal No. 1: Approval of the Appropriation of Surplus

Proposal No. 2: Election of Nine (9) Directors

Proposal No. 3: Election of One (1) Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Please note that no gift will be provided for attendees at the meeting. We greatly appreciate your understanding.

4. Exercise of Voting Rights:

(1) When attending the meeting

Please bring the enclosed voting form on the day of the meeting and present it to the receptionist.

(2) When not attending the meeting

1) When exercising voting rights by mail

Please indicate on the enclosed voting form your approval or disapproval for each proposal and post it.

Deadline: Form must be delivered by 5:30 p.m. on Wednesday, June 26, 2019. [Handling of voting rights]

Where there is no indication of approval or disapproval for a respective proposal, the voting right will be considered to be exercised to approve for the resolutions in question.

2) Exercise of voting rights via the Internet and other methods

Please read 'Instruction for Exercise of Voting Rights via the Internet and other methods' starting from page 4 and enter your approval or disapproval for each proposal and submit them by 5:30 p.m. on Wednesday, June 26, 2019.

(3) Duplication of votes

If duplicated votes are exercised both in writing and via the Internet and other methods, the vote that arrives later shall be deemed valid. If both of the duplicated votes arrive on the same date, the vote exercised via the Internet and other methods shall be deemed valid.

- Note 1: For shareholders attending the Annual Shareholders Meeting, please do not mail the enclosed CARD FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS, but instead bring it to the meeting and present it at the reception desk upon arrival.
- Note 2: Based on the Company's Articles of Incorporation, you can delegate voting rights to only one proxy who is one of the shareholders holding voting rights. If a proxy will attend the meeting, please present the document certifying authority of such proxy, and your and the proxy's CARD FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS at the reception desk.
- Note 3: The following items are posted on the Company's website given below, pursuant to laws and regulations and the provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.
 - (1) 'Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control System and Overview of Operational Status of the System' of Business Report
 - (2) 'Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity' and 'Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements'
 - (3) 'Non-Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity' and 'Notes to the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements'
 - (1), (2) and (3) are included in the documents audited by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members in preparing the audit report and (2) and (3) are included in the documents audited by the accounting auditor in preparing the independent auditor's report.
- Note 4: Please note that in the event there are any revisions to the REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS MEETING, Business Report, Consolidated Financial Statements or Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, the notice for such revisions will be posted on the Company's website as below.

[Company's website www.tokyo-gas.co.jp]

Special Note: This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Instruction for Exercise of Voting Rights via the Internet and other methods

- 'Smart Voting' method using a smartphone to scan the QR Code You can log in without having to enter your voting code and password.
- Scan the QR Code that is shown on the bottom right of the CARD FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS.
 - * 'QR Code' is a registered trademark of Denso Wave Incorporated.
- 2 Enter your approval or disapproval for each proposal by following the instructions shown on screen.

You can only exercise your voting rights through 'Smart Voting' once. If you wish to change the details of a vote you have exercised, please access the desktop version of the web-site, enter your voting code and password, and re-exercise your voting rights.

- * Re-scanning the QR Code will redirect you to the desktop version of the web-site.
- By entering your voting code and password
 WEB-SITE FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS: https://www.web54.net
- 1 Go to the WEB-SITE FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS.
- 2 Enter the 'voting code' shown in the CARD FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS.
- 3 Enter the 'password' shown in the CARD FOR EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS.
- Enter your approval or disapproval for each proposal by following the instructions shown on screen.
- * Please exercise your voting rights via the Internet by **5:30 p.m. on Wednesday, June 26, 2019**, the day before the Annual Shareholders Meeting. If you exercise your voting rights more than once via the Internet, the vote exercised last shall be deemed valid.
- * Telecommunication charges (telephone fees) may be required in some cases. Please note that such charges will be borne by the shareholders.

If you are not sure	Dedicated telephone line of the Stock Transfer Agency					
how to operate your	Department 'Web Support,'					
PC or other device	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited					
to exercise your	Telephone number in Japan: 0120-652-031 (9 a.m. to					
voting rights:	p.m.)					
	Stock Transfer Agency Department 'Clerical Center,'					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited					
Cases other than the above:	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited					

Institutional investors may use the Electronic Voting Platform for Institutional Investors operated by ICJ Inc.

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REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

Proposals and References

Proposal No. 1: Approval of the Appropriation of Surplus

We hereby would like to propose that surplus be appropriated in the manner described below:

Dividends from surplus (year-end dividends)

Based on the Company's 'Policy on Determination of Dividends from Surplus and Others' (see the Reference below), and comprehensively considering medium— and long-term profit levels, the Company will pay a year-end dividend of \$32.5 per share, up \$5 per share.

Together with the midterm dividend of \$27.5 per share, the total dividend to be paid during the year is \$60 per share.

(1) Allocation of dividend property and its aggregate amount:

Cash ¥32.5 per share
Aggregate amount of dividends ¥14,623,215,295

(2) Dividend effective date

Friday, June 28, 2019

[Reference]

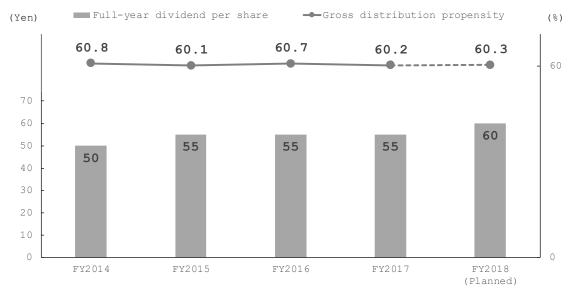
Policy on Determination of Dividends from Surplus and Others

The Company will apply the cash flow it has generated based on 'Challenge 2020 Vision' to investments in 'Enhancing the LNG Value Chain,' which is aimed at new growth, and will simultaneously allocate the results of its management to the shareholders in an appropriate and timely manner.

Specifically, the Company has positioned acquisition of its own shares based on assumption of retirement, in addition to dividends, as a form of its return to the shareholders, and has set the targeted gross distribution propensity (the ratio of the amount of dividends and acquisition of its own shares to consolidated profit) at about 60% for each year until FY2020.

Moreover, by maintaining stable dividends, and comprehensively considering medium- and long-term profit levels, the Company will gently increase its dividends in line with growth.

• Shareholder Returns



* As of October 1, 2017, the Company carried out a share consolidation at a ratio of 5 common shares to 1. The full-year dividend per share represents amounts converted to reflect the share consolidation.

<Target> About 60% for each year until FY2020

Proposal No. 2: Election of Nine (9) Directors

The term of office of all the current eight (8) Directors ends at the conclusion of this Annual Shareholders Meeting. As part of corporate governance reform, the Company will increase the ratio of Outside Directors on the Board of Directors in order to work to separate and clarify decision—making and supervisory functions of the Board of Directors and the operational functions carried out mainly by Executive Officers. Based on this mindset, we hereby propose the election of nine (9) Directors, increasing the number of Outside Directors by one (1) member. The nominees for Directors are as follows:

No.	Name	Current position and areas of responsibility in the Company	Note	Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings
1	Michiaki Hirose	Director and Chairman of the Board	Reelection	100% (12 / 12)
2	Takashi Uchida	Representative Director, President	Reelection	100% (12 / 12)
3	Masaru Takamatsu	Representative Director, Executive Vice President Chief Executive of Residential Service Div.	Reelection	91% (11 / 12)
4	Takashi Anamizu	Representative Director, Executive Vice President Chief Executive of Energy Solution Div. Chief Executive of Power Business Div.	Reelection	100% (12 / 12)
5	Kunio Nohata	Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer Chief Executive of Global Business Div.	Reelection	100% (12 / 12)
6	Chika Igarashi	Director	Reelection Outside Independent	100% (12 / 12)
7	Hitoshi Saito	_	Newly elected Outside Independent	-
8	Kazunori Takami	_	Newly elected Outside Independent	-
9	Junko Edahiro	-	Newly elected Outside Independent	-

Notes: 1. There is no special interest between the nominees for Directors and the Company.

- 2. The Company has entered into an agreement with Chika Igarashi to limit her liability under Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act to the amount provided for in Article 425, paragraph 1 of the same Act. If she is reelected, the Company plans to renew the aforementioned agreement with her. If the election of Hitoshi Saito, Kazunori Takami and Junko Edahiro is approved, the Company plans to enter into the same agreement with them.
- 3. In July 2016, the European Commission finalized its decision to impose a fine on Panasonic Corporation, where Kazunori Takami served as director until June 2017, in relation to certain conduct violating antitrust laws in connection with the company's cathode ray tube business. Panasonic Corporation also reached a settlement to pay the fine imposed by the European Commission in December 2016, in regard to certain conduct violating antitrust laws in connection with its lithium-ion battery business. In addition, Panasonic Corporation and its U.S. subsidiary, Panasonic Avionics Corporation ('PAC'), were subject to investigation for alleged violations of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other securities-related laws of the U.S. with respect to certain

transactions carried out by PAC with airline companies, and also with respect to employment of agents and consultants in relation to such transactions (announcement made in February 2017). In that regard, Panasonic Corporation and PAC reached an agreement in May 2018 with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and the U.S. Department of Justice requiring them to pay a fine to the U.S. government while also undertaking various actions to improve compliance practices.

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Career	summary	y, position and areas of responsibility in the Company [Important concurrent posts]
1	Reelection Michiaki Hirose (October 2, 1950) Number of the Company's shares held 34,700 Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings: 12 / 12 (100%)	April April April April April April April April June January April April April	1974 2004 2006 2007 2008 2009 2009 2010 2012 2013 2014 2018	Joined the Company Executive Officer and Assistant to Chief Executive of Corporate Communication Div. Executive Officer and General Manager of Corporate Planning Dept. of Strategic Planning Div. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept., Infrastructure Project Dept., Finance Dept., Accounting Dept. and Affiliated Companies Dept. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept., Investor Relations Dept., Finance Dept., Accounting Dept., Affiliated Companies Dept. and Gas Industry Privatization Research Project Dept. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept. and Affiliated Companies Dept. Director, Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept., Corporate Communications Dept. and Affiliated Companies Dept. Director, Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept., Project Management Dept., Corporate Communications Dept. and Affiliated Companies Dept. Representative Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Executive of Living Energy Div. Representative Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Executive of Residential Sales and Service Div. Representative Director, President Director and Chairman of the Board (Current position)

Reason for nomination as Director

Mr. Michiaki Hirose is mainly engaged in operations related to corporate planning and living, and has been the President for four years between April 2014 and March 2018. We propose that Mr. Michiaki Hirose be reelected as Director, since he has been serving as the Chairman of the Board since April 2018, and has abundant experience and in-depth knowledge in the Company's operations.

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Career sur	mmary	, position and areas of responsibility in the Company [Important concurrent posts]
2	Reelection Takashi Uchida (April 17, 1956) Number of the Company's shares held 14,100 Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings: 12 / 12 (100%)	June April April April April June April April April	1979 2006 2009 2010 2012 2013 2015 2016 2017	Joined the Company General Manager of Pipeline Planning Dept. of Pipeline Network Div. General Manager of Corporate Planning Dept. Executive Officer and General Manager of Corporate Planning Dept. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Personnel Dept., Secretary Dept., Compliance Dept. and Internal Audit Dept. Senior Executive Officer and Chief Executive of Energy Resources Business Div. Director, Senior Executive Officer and Chief Executive of Energy Resources Business Div. Representative Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Executive of Residential Sales and Service Div. Representative Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Executive of Residential Service Div. Representative Director, President (Current position)

Reason for nomination as Director

Mr. Takashi Uchida is mainly engaged in operations related to pipelines and energy resources & global business. Since April 2018, he has been the President as a chief operational officer. We propose that Mr. Takashi Uchida be reelected as Director, since he has abundant experience and in-depth knowledge in the Company's operations.

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Career	summary	y, position and areas of responsibility in the Company [Important concurrent posts]
3	Reelection Masaru Takamatsu (March 14, 1956) Number of the Company's shares held 18,200 Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings: 11 / 12 (91%)	April	1980 2005 2006 2010 2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 2016	Joined the Company General Manager of Home Service Planning Dept. of Home Service Div. General Manager of Business Partnership Support Dept. of Home Service Div. General Manager of LIFEVAL Project Management Dept. of Living Energy Div. Executive Officer and General Manager of LIFEVAL Project Management Dept. of Living Energy Div. Executive Officer and General Manager of Corporate Planning Dept. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept. and Affiliated Companies Dept. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Corporate Planning Dept., Personnel Dept., Chiba-Ibaraki Project Dept., Group Management Project Dept. and Group Personnel System Project Dept. Senior Executive Officer and in charge of Personnel Dept., Secretary Dept., General Administration Dept., Compliance Dept. and Internal Audit Dept.
		Director		

Reason for nomination as Director
Mr. Masaru Takamatsu is mainly engaged in operations related to living and corporate
planning. He is currently in the position of Executive Vice President. We propose that Mr.
Masaru Takamatsu be reelected as Director, since he has abundant experience and in-depth
knowledge in the Company's operations.

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Career summary, position and areas of responsibility in the Company [Important concurrent posts]			
4	Reelection Takashi Anamizu (May 18, 1959) Number of the Company's shares held 8,148 Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings: 12 / 12 (100%)	April January April April April April June April	1985 2010 2012 2015 2016 2017 2017 2018	General Manager of Project Management Dept. General Manager of Residential Fuel Cell Business Development Dept. of Living Energy Div.	

Reason for nomination as Director

Mr. Takashi Anamizu is mainly engaged in operations related to living and energy resources & global business. He is currently in the position of Executive Vice President. We propose that Mr. Takashi Anamizu be reelected as Director, since he has abundant experience and in-depth knowledge in the Company's operations.

		April	1984	Joined the Company
		November	2006	General Manager of Infrastructure Project Dept.
		April	2008	Acting General Manager of Energy Sales & Service Planning Dept. of Energy Solution Div.
	Reelection	April	2009	General Manager of Total Energy Business Dept. of Energy Solution Div.
	Kunio Nohata (December 31, 1958)	April	2011	General Manager of Gas Resources Dept. of Energy Resources Business Div.
	Number of	April	2013	Executive Officer and General Manager of Gas Resources Dept. of Energy Resources Business
5	the Company's shares held 5,800	April	2015	210.
	Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings:	April	2017	Senior Executive Officer of the Company, Chief Executive of Power Business Div., In charge of Environmental Affairs Dept.
	12 / 12 (100%)	June	2017	Director, Senior Executive Officer, Chief Executive of Power Business Div., and in charge of Environmental Affairs Dept.
		April	2018	Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer and Chief Executive of Global Business Div. (Current position)

Reason for nomination as Director

Mr. Kunio Nohata is mainly engaged in operations related to energy sales and energy resources & global business. He is currently in the position of Senior Managing Executive Officer in charge of Global Business Div. We propose that Mr. Kunio Nohata be reelected as Director, since he has abundant experience and in-depth knowledge in the Company's operations.

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Career summar	y, position and areas of responsibility in the Company [Important concurrent posts]
6 6	(Date of birth) Nominee for Outside Director Reelection Independent Officer Chika Igarashi (March 26, 1971) Number of the Company's shares held 0	April 1997 July 2006 June 2007 June 2016	Registered as an attorney at law Joined a law firm in Tokyo Metropolitan area Joined Asahi Law Office (Currently Nishimura & Asahi) Registered as an attorney at law in New York State, USA Director of the Company (Current position)
	Attendance to the Board of Directors meetings: 12 / 12 (100%)		

Reason for nomination as Outside Director

We propose that Ms. Chika Igarashi be reelected as Outside Director so that the Company can continue to make use of her high level of legal expertise built up through many years of experience in corporate legal affairs, broad outlook and in-depth knowledge for the Company's management. Ms. Igarashi's tenure as an Outside Director of the Company will be three years as of the conclusion of this Annual Shareholders Meeting. Although Ms. Igarashi has not been involved in corporate management, we consider that she is capable of appropriately performing her duties as Outside Director due to the aforementioned reasons. The Company has designated Ms. Igarashi as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified her to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

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		April	1976	Joined Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
		April	1998	President of Mitsui Fudosan (New York) Inc.
		June	2000	President of Mitsui Fudosan America, Inc.
		April	2002	General Manager of Office Building Project
	Nominee for			Planning Dept. of Office Building Div. of
	Outside Director			Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
		April	2005	3 3
	Newly elected			Office Building Div. of Mitsui Fudosan Co.,
				Ltd.
	Independent	April	2007	
	Officer			International Dept. of Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
7	Hitoshi Saito	April	2008	
	(November 10,	npi ii	2000	Co., Ltd.
	1952)	June	2011	•
				Managing Officer of Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
	Number of	April	2013	
	the Company's	-		Managing Officer of Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
	shares held	April	2015	Managing Director, Senior Executive Managing
	U			Officer and Chief Executive of International
				Div. of Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
		April	2017	Managing Director of Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.
		June	2017	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				(Current position)

Reason for nomination as Outside Director

We propose that Mr. Hitoshi Saito be elected as Outside Director so that the Company can make use of his cosmopolitan outlook he has acquired in overseas businesses in the real estate industry, as well as the management capabilities, broad outlook and in-depth knowledge he has acquired through a wide range of business development for the Company's management. The Company plans to designate Mr. Saito as an 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notify him to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

No	Name	Career s	summar	y, position and areas of responsibility in the Company		
NO.	(Date of birth)	[Important concurrent posts]				
No. 8		April December January June April April April April June April June April June April	1978 1998 2002 2004 2006 2008 2009 2012 2015	Joined Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Current Panasonic Corporation) General Manager of Corporate Planning Office of Electric Appliances and Housing Facility Company of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Current Panasonic Corporation) General Manager of Refrigerator Business Dept. of Matsushita Refrigeration Company (Current Panasonic Corporation) Director of Corporate National Marketing Div. of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Current Panasonic Corporation) Executive Officer of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Current Panasonic Corporation) Managing Executive Officer of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Current Panasonic Corporation) Managing Executive Officer, President of Home Appliances Company and in charge of Lighting Company of Panasonic Corporation Managing Director of Panasonic Corporation Representative Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer and President of Appliances Company of Panasonic Corporation Representative Director, Executive Vice President and in charge of Japan region, Customer Satisfaction, and Design of Panasonic Corporation Outside Director of Tokyo FM Broadcasting Co.,		
	the Company's shares held	-		Representative Director, Executive Vice President and in charge of Japan region, Customer Satisfaction, and Design of Panasonic Corporation		
		June	2017			
		March	2018			
		June	2018	-		
		March	2019	Outside Director of FUJITA KANKO INC. (Current position)		
		Outside Di Outside Di	rector rector	of Tokyo FM Broadcasting Co., Ltd. of Nojima Corporation of FUJITA KANKO INC.		

Reason for nomination as Outside Director

We propose that Mr. Kazunori Takami be elected as Outside Director so that the Company can make use of his management capabilities, broad outlook and in-depth knowledge he has acquired through a wide range of business development in the electrical industry for the Company's management. The Company plans to designate Mr. Takami as an 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notify him to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Career s	ummar	y, position and areas of responsibility in the Company [Important concurrent posts]
9	Nominee for Outside Director Newly elected Independent Officer Junko Edahiro (November 23, 1962) Number of the Company's shares held 0			Interpreter and translator Environmental journalist CEO of EcoNetworks Co. Joint Chief Executive of Japan for Sustainability (NGO) Representative Director of Edahiroba Inc. (Current e's Inc.) Representative Director and Chairperson of Change Agent Inc. Retired from CEO of EcoNetworks Co. Director and Chairperson of Change Agent Inc. Chief Executive of Japan for Sustainability (NGO) Professor of Department of Environmental Management, Faculty of Environmental Studies of Tokyo City University Retired from Professor of Department of Environmental Management, Faculty of Environmental Studies of Tokyo City University Retired from Chief Executive of Japan for Sustainability (NGO) Professor of Shizenkan University Graduate School of Leadership & Innovation (Current position)
		Director a	nd Chai of Shiz	rector of e's Inc. rperson of Change Agent Inc. enkan University Graduate School of Leadership

Reason for nomination as Outside Director

We propose that Ms. Junko Edahiro be elected as Outside Director so that the Company can make use of her experience as a corporate manager, advanced specialization related to environment and in-depth knowledge for the Company's management. The Company plans to designate Ms. Edahiro as an 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notify her to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

Proposal No. 3: Election of One (1) Audit & Supervisory Board Member

The term of office of the current Audit & Supervisory Board Member Mr. Hideaki Obana ends at the conclusion of this Annual Shareholders Meeting. Accordingly, we hereby propose the election of one (1) Audit & Supervisory Board Member.

The nominee for Audit & Supervisory Board Member is as follows.

In addition, the Audit & Supervisory Board has already given its prior consent to the submission of this proposal.

Name (Date of birth)		Care	er summary and position in the Company [Important concurrent posts]
	April	1982	Joined the Company
	April	2008	General Manager of Finance Dept.
	April	2011	General Manager of Middle Branch
	April	2012	General Manager of TG-Group Reorganization Project Dept.
Newly elected Isao Nakajima	April	2013	Executive Officer and General Manager of Residential Sales Planning Dept. of Residential Sales and Service Div.
(December 5, 1958)	April	2015	Senior Executive Officer, CFO and in charge of Finance Dept., Accounting Dept., Purchasing Dept. and Real Estate Management Dept.
the Company's shares held 11,900	April	2017	Senior Executive Officer, CFO and in charge of Finance Dept., Accounting Dept. and Personnel Dept.
	April	2018	Senior Managing Executive Officer, CFO and in charge of Finance Dept., Accounting Dept., Personnel Dept. and Purchasing Dept.
	March	2019	Retired from Senior Managing Executive Officer (to present)

Reason for nomination as Audit & Supervisory Board Member
We propose that Mr. Isao Nakajima be elected as Audit & Supervisory Board Member so
that the Company can make use of his considerable knowledge about financial
accounting matters as well as abundant experience and in-depth knowledge concerning
the Company acquired primarily through his engagement in the Finance Department and
Accounting Department, and his service as Senior Managing Executive Officer.

Note: There is no special interest between the nominee for Audit & Supervisory Board Member and the Company.

[Reference]

Independence Standards for Outside Officers

TOKYO GAS CO., LTD.

The Company shall judge Outside Officers (Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members) to be independent if they do not fall under any of the categories numbered (1) to (10) below.

- (1) Executive of a parent company or a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- (2) Executive of a subsidiary of the Company
- (3) Major shareholder holding 10% or more of the Company's total shares outstanding (includes executives of a corporation, etc.)
- (4) Major client or supplier of the Company whose transactions account for 2% or more of consolidated net sales (parties that are major clients or suppliers of the Company, or parties for whom the Company is a major client or supplier [includes executives of a corporation, etc.])
- (5) Accounting Auditor or corporate attorney of the Company
- (6) Individual that fell under any of categories (1) to (5) within the previous three years $\frac{1}{2}$
- (7) Executive of an organization receiving a large amount of donation from the Company (over the previous three business years, an average of ¥10 million or more annually or 30% or more of the organization's total average annual costs, whichever sum is greater)
- (8) Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property-related benefits from the Company besides remuneration as an Officer (over the previous three business years, for an individual, an average of ¥10 million or more annually and for a corporation, etc., 2% or more of the corporation's consolidated net sales)
- (9) Close relative of (1) to (8) (within the second degree of kinship)
- (10) Individual serving as officer (inside director, inside audit & supervisory board member, executive, or executive officer) at a corporate group in which an Officer (Inside Director, Inside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, or Executive Officer) of the Tokyo Gas Group serves as outside officer

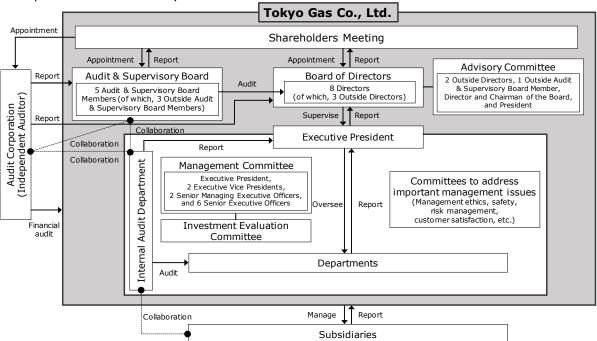
[Reference]

• Corporate Governance (As of March 31, 2019)

The Company works to ensure continued development while consistently earning the trust of customers, shareholders, and society. Based on this philosophy, we aim to achieve a continuous increase in our corporate value through enhancing corporate governance systems. We are endeavoring to develop systems with a commitment to management legality, soundness, and transparency.

We continue to emphasize the importance of accurate and prompt decision-making, efficient business executions, strengthening of auditing and monitoring functions, and clarification of management and executive responsibilities.

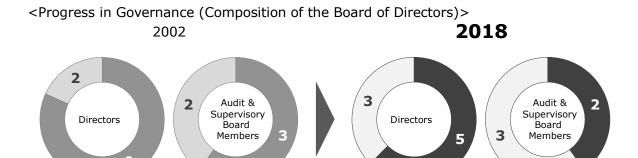
<Corporate Governance System>



Board of Directors

In principle, the Board of Directors meets once a month to discuss and decide important matters regarding business executions. Directors must submit reports to the Board of Directors regarding the status of execution of their duties periodically and when deemed necessary, allowing the board to monitor the performance of Directors.

The Board of Directors comprises eight Directors, three of whom are Outside Directors. In addition, the term of Directors is set at one year with the goal of further clarifying managerial responsibility.



Audit & Supervisory Board Members

■ Inside □ Outside

The Company holds Audit & Supervisory Board meeting once a month in principle and otherwise as needed. The five members of the board, which include three Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, conduct deliberations and make reports.

■ Inside □ Outside

In line with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members' audit standard, each Audit & Supervisory Board Member conducts effective audits through the following principal initiatives.

Audit & Supervisory Board Members attend meetings of the Board of Directors, the Management Committee, and other important meetings. They state their opinions relating to legality and other perspectives when necessary.

Audit & Supervisory Board Members conduct research into the state of operations at the head office, business offices, and subsidiaries. They also hold discussions with Directors to exchange opinions, both on a regular basis and otherwise as needed.

In regard to the internal control for financial reporting, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members receive evaluations of internal control and reports on the status of audits from the Board of Directors, etc., and KPMG AZSA LLC, and demand explanation as needed.

Advisory Committee

Since February 2005, the Company has established the Advisory Committee in order to ensure objectivity and transparency of management. The committee has up to five members, consisting of the Director and Chairman of the Board, President, and up to three Directors selected by the Board of Directors; with over half of its membership consisting of Outside Directors, and the committee chairman also being an Outside Director.

In accordance with inquiries from the Board of Directors, the Advisory Committee deliberates on officer candidates and officer remuneration in a fair and appropriate manner and makes reports to the Board of Directors. The committee also deliberates on the independence of outside officer candidates.

Advisory Committee Membership				
Committee chairman	Akihiko Ide (Outside Director)			
Committee members	Yoshinori Katori (Outside Director)			
	Yoshihiko Morita (Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member)			
	Michiaki Hirose (Director, Chairman)			
	Takashi Uchida (Director, President)			

Business Report (From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019)

1. Matters Concerning Current State of Group Operations

(1) Business Conditions and Results

During the fiscal year under review, the Japanese economy mounted a gradual recovery despite some lingering weaknesses with respect to exports and production, owing in part to effects of various government measures amid ongoing improvement in the employment and income environments. Those circumstances are likely to help further expand the positive economic cycle particularly in terms of an upturn in consumer spending and private-sector capital expenditure.

Against this economic backdrop, the environment surrounding the energy business has undergone dramatic changes, such as the full liberalization of retail sales of gas in April 2017 in the wake of the full liberalization of retail sales of electricity in April 2016, as well as technological innovation with respect to the Fourth Industrial Revolution. Amid these changes, the Tokyo Gas Group has been actively engaging in various efforts to expand added value for our customers in Japan and overseas through commercialization of total energy business and globalization so that customers will continue to choose Tokyo Gas.

In light of such economic conditions and environmental changes, as for sales of city gas, sales volume declined due to decreasing residential and commercial demand associated with effects of hot temperatures and decrease in customer numbers. Nonetheless, net sales of gas gained as a result of an increase in sales unit price due to gas rate adjustment associated with the effect of higher crude oil prices. As a result, consolidated net sales increased by 10.4% year on year to \$1,962,308 million.

In terms of operating expenses, despite further promotion of business efficiency and the utmost efforts to restrict expenses as much as possible, there was an increase in gas raw material costs associated with the effect of higher crude oil prices. As a result, operating expenses increased by 12.5% year on year to \$1,868,603 million.

As a result of the above, operating profit decreased by 19.4% year on year to \$93,704 million, and ordinary profit decreased by 19.9% year on year to \$89,386 million. As a result of the recording of gain on sales of non-current assets of \$29,306 million and gain on sales of investment securities of \$6,420 million under extraordinary income, and loss on valuation of investment securities of \$7,865 million under extraordinary losses and the recording of income taxes, profit attributable to owners of parent rose by 12.8% year on year to \$84,555 million.

We would like to report the review of results by operating segment, as follows.

Starting from the fiscal year under review, we have renamed the city gas segment the gas segment, and transferred the liquid gas business (LPG, industrial gas) and LNG sales, etc., which were included in the energy-related segment, to the gas segment, and credit services, which were included in the other segment, to the energy-related segment, respectively. Segment information for the previous fiscal year have been restated based on the revised segments.

1) Gas

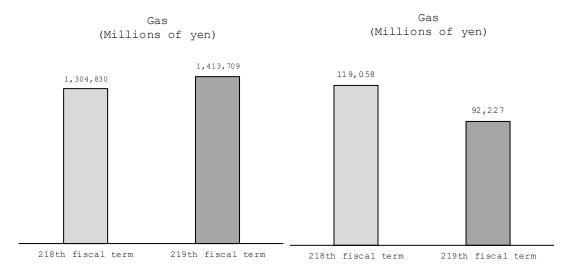
Reflecting an increase in sales unit price due to gas rate adjustments, net sales increased by 8.3% year on year to \$1,413,709 million despite a decrease in city gas sales volume due to the impact of hot temperatures and a decrease in customer numbers.

Segment profit decreased by 22.5% year on year to \$92,227 million, due to such factors as fall in sales volume of city gas and increased raw material costs.

Sales volume of city gas is as follows:

Net sales

Segment profit



		219th		Year-on-year change		
		fiscal term (fiscal year under review) (Millions of cubic meters)	218th fiscal term (Millions of cubic meters)	Millions of cubic meters	%	Main reasons for the change, etc.
House	hold-bound	3,240	3 , 570	(330)	(9.2)	Decrease in demand due to effect of hot temperatures, decrease in customer numbers
	Business-bound	2,609	2,722	(113)	(4.2)	Decrease in customer numbers
	Industry-bound	7,413	7,290	123	1.7	Increase in demand for use in electric power generation
	Subtotal	10,022	10,012	10	0.1	-
	ies to other tilities	1,936	1,985	(49)	(2.5)	Decrease in customer demand
	Total	15,198	15 , 568	(370)	(2.4)	_

Number of retail customers (thousands): 9,821 (down 388 year on year)

* Number of retail customers indicates the number of billed customers for city gas retail sales (consolidated).

Number of gas meters (thousands):

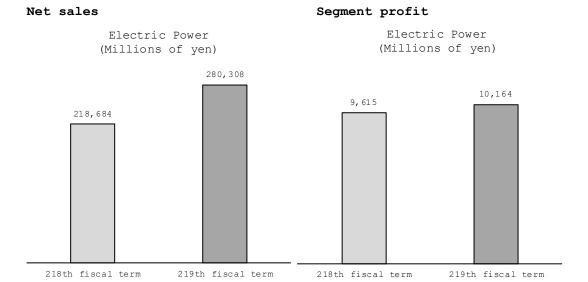
11,818 (up 140 year on year)

* Number of gas meters indicates the number of meters that includes inactive meters and meters for gas supply from other retail companies.

2) Electric Power

Net sales increased by 28.2% year on year to \$280,308 million, as sales from residential customers increased.

Segment profit increased by 5.7% year on year to \$10,164 million. Sales volume of electric power is as follows:



	219th		Year-on-year change			
	fiscal term (fiscal year under review) (Millions of kWh)	218th fiscal term (Millions of kWh)	Millions of kWh	୧	Main reasons for the change, etc.	
Retail	6 , 555	4,569	1,986	43.5	Increase in customer numbers	
Wholesale	8 , 926	10,087	(1,161)	(11.5)	Decrease in wholesale customers	
Total	15,482	14,656	826	5.6	-	

Number of retail customers (thousands): 1,774 (up 644 year on year)

^{*} The number of retail customers indicates the number of customers currently being served.

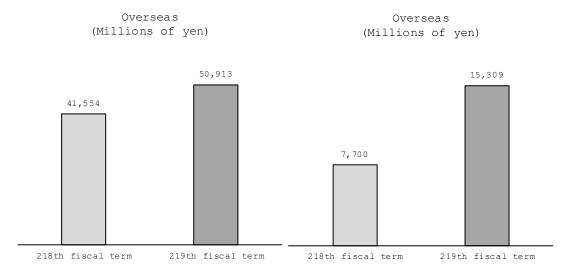
3) Overseas

Net sales increased by 22.5% year on year to \$50,913 million, as sales related to upstream business increased.

Segment profit increased by 98.8% year on year to \$15,309 million.

Net sales

Segment profit



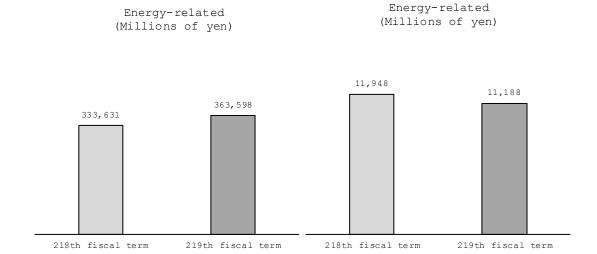
4) Energy-related

Net sales increased by 9.0% year on year to \$363,598 million, amid gains in LNG plant orders received.

Segment profit decreased by 6.4% year on year to ¥11,188 million.

Net sales

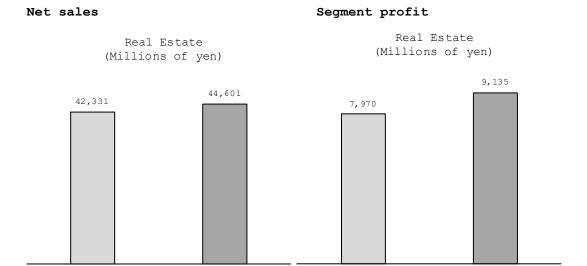
Segment profit



5) Real Estate

Net sales increased by 5.4% year on year to 444,601 million due to an increase in lease income from lands.

Segment profit increased by 14.6% year on year to ¥9,135 million.



6) Other

218th fiscal term

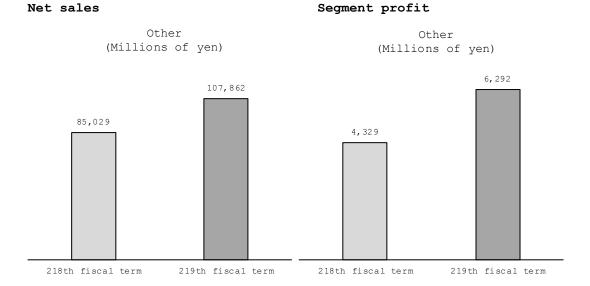
Net sales increased by 26.9% year on year to \$107,862 million, as shipping operations increased following the start of delivery of LNG from North America.

218th fiscal term

219th fiscal term

Segment profit increased by 45.3% year on year to \$6,292 million.

219th fiscal term



(2) Group Capital Expenditures

Total capital expenditures for this fiscal year amounted to \$223,781 million.

In regard to distribution facilities, the total length of the pipeline network was extended by 498 kilometers during this fiscal year, to 64,055 kilometers as of March 31, 2019.

(3) Group Financing Activities

In this fiscal year, the Company raised funds totaling \$121.0 billion through issuing the 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th and 49th corporate unsecured bonds and obtaining loans payable. Balance of consolidated interest-bearing liabilities increased by \$78,276 million compared with the previous year-end, to \$803,216 million.

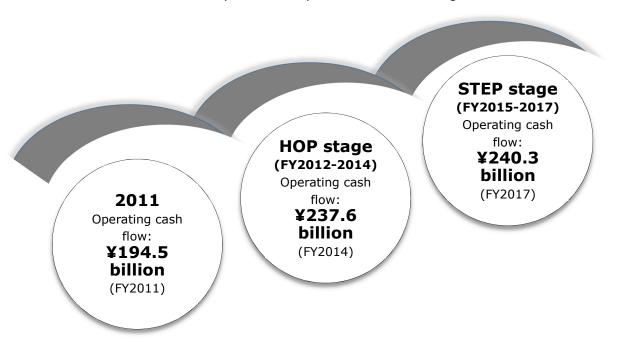
(4) Prospective Challenges

In November 2011, the Group released its Group Management Vision: 'Challenge 2020 Vision - Initiatives by the Tokyo Gas Group for Energy and for the Future.'

In our previous management stages 'Hop' (FY2012-2014) and 'Step' (FY2015-2017), our goals were to realize a total energy and global corporate group. In addition to widely expanding our business domains and areas, and forming seven business domains, we also built a new group formation.

During the 'Jump' (FY2018-2020) stage, as compilation of our vision, by continuing to implement our process of non-linear reforms (business transformation unprecedented in its boldness and fundamental reform of our organizational structure), and by advancing our unique 'GPS×G' (Gas & Power + Service × Global) management plan for creating new value by specifying concrete initiatives with regard to what we can do as a company, we will continue working to ensure further advancements and breakthroughs for the Tokyo Gas Group into the 2020s.

Overview of the Tokyo Gas Group FY2018-2020 Management Plan 'GPS2020'



Formulation of the **Challenge 2020 Vision**

The Great East Japan Earthquake and the subsequent nuclear power plant accident and the issue of demand and supply of electricity forced the country ■ **Upgrading and** to examine the state of our energy, the foundation of the lives of the public and industrial activities. Amid such an environment, we aim to make contributions through the advancement of the LNG value chain.

A step in the right direction

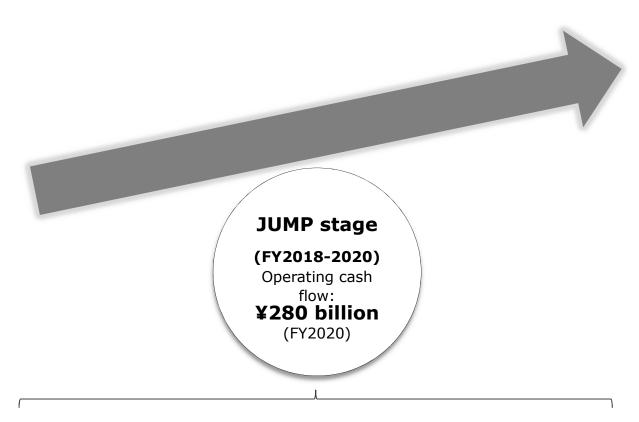
<Main initiatives>

- Diversification of raw materials procurement and expansion of overseas business
- expanding infrastructure to contribute to safe and stable supply
- Proposing energy solutions aligned with customer needs

Major advancements toward the realization of our vision

<Main initiatives>

- Evolving into a total energy business
- Accelerating global business development
- Construct a new group formation
- Drafting and releasing our corporate message, 'Supporting you Always and bettering every day'



Transition from 'Goals' to 'Capabilities'

Through a variety of means, we will deliver global gas and power along with services that meet our domestic and overseas customers' needs

GAS & POWER + SERVICE × GLOBAL

Total energy (GAS & POWER + SERVICE)

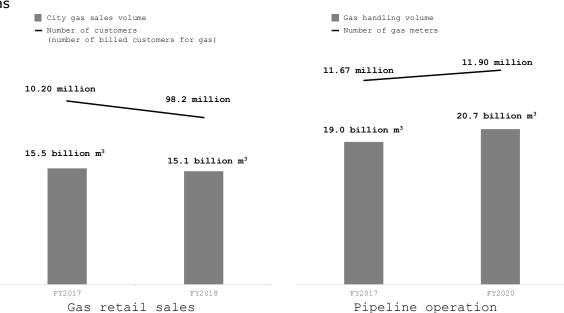
- Provide optimal energy, featuring gas and electricity as a packaged service.
- Provide a one-stop offer for a full range of services designed to meet life stages and needs of residential customers.
- We will provide energy services and engineering for our commercial and industrial customers to reduce their energy usage and costs.

GLOBAL

- Establish offices in strategic areas and concentrate management resources to engage in proposal planning.
- Contribute to building energy infrastructure in coordination with the governments and enterprises in the fast-growing countries of Southeast Asia and other regions as the energy supply and demand structure of these regions continues to evolve.
- Build a firm foundation for profitability in North America and other regions where deregulation and market trading of energy is advancing, while acquiring and using the know-how that will contribute to our other businesses in Japan and overseas.

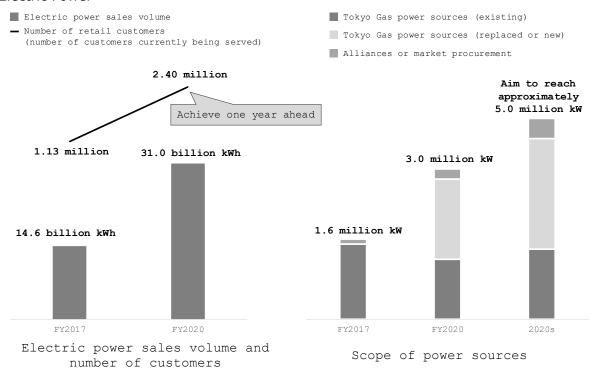
<GPS×G Initiatives>





- * Gas handling volume indicates the gas handling volume as a pipeline operator, including city gas sales volume, gas volume used in-house under tolling arrangement, and LNG sales volume.
- * Number of gas meters indicates the number of meters attached that includes inactive meters and meters for gas supply from other retail companies.

Electric Power



Service

In addition to gas and electric power as a package, we will propose and deliver optimal service combinations to match customers' lifestyle and business needs.

- Lifestyle services including gas devices and equipment
- Engineering services
- Regional development services (Real estate)

Global

Utilizing our experience in the LNG value chain management, we will deepen and expand our business operations according to the regional characteristics of each area.

■ North America We will participate in upstream, midstream and downstream business operations to acquire know-how and enhance our revenue base.

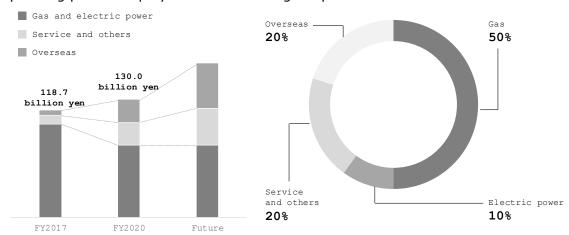
■ Southeast Asia This area is expected to see further growth. We will continue to drive initiatives in midstream and downstream business operations.

■ Australia We will seek to maximize the value of existing projects, with a primary focus on upstream interests.



<Major Indicators> Operating profit + equity income

Image of profit breakdown in FY2020



Financial Performance Indicators

	FY2017	FY2020	
Profitability (ROE)	6.7%	Approx. 8%	
Shareholder returns (Gross distribution propensity)	Approx. 60%		
(Gloss distribution propensity)			

^{*} In the above graphs and the table, FY2017 figures have been changed from forecast figures at the time of formulating GPS2020 (October 2017) to actual results.

Initiatives towards achieving GPS2020

The Tokyo Gas Group has been encountering intensifying competition with various companies entering the energy market in the Tokyo Metropolitan area since the full liberalization of retail sales of gas took effect in April 2017, in the wake of the full liberalization of retail sales of electricity in April 2016, with the number of the Company's city gas retail customers declining by 388,000 in FY2018 due to switching to other companies. Despite this situation, we have been making steady progress in carrying out the 'GPS2020' management plan, particularly in terms gaining an increasing number of electricity contracts, thereby enabling us to strike a balance between offense and defense. In FY 2019, we will take steps geared to setting ourselves on a path toward achieving objectives of 'GPS2020' by working to evolve the comprehensive energy business (GPS) and accelerate global business development (×G), partially with the aim of solidifying foundations for achieving advancements and breakthroughs into the 2020s.

<Strengthen LNG Value Chain>

We have been accordingly expanding our LNG network while facilitating launches of new projects involving LNG production. We will continue to further promote global alliances with partners in and outside Japan as we diversify supply sources with a view to ensuring stable and low-cost LNG procurement.

<Deliver electric power and services to customers>

We aim to deliver electric power to even more customers by reaching our target of 2.4 million electricity contracts by FY2020 one year ahead of schedule. In addition, we will further upgrade our 'gas fixture special support,' 'residential monitoring services,' and other such services for residential customers, and will take steps to expand our energy services and other such offerings for commercial and industrial customers, while further expanding our new co-creation services largely by working with various business partners.

<Accelerate Global Business Development>

Drawing on our business experience cultivated in Japan and overseas in the field of natural gas and LNG, we have been promoting efforts that involve engaging in construction and operation of natural gas and LNG infrastructure, and supplying energy as well as taking part in renewable energy projects tailored to characteristics of respective regions. Going forward, we will make progress on landing new projects in respective countries, while also steadily promoting our existing projects.

<Initiatives for Realizing a Low-carbon Society>

We will tap renewable energy sources, enable whole towns to reduce their carbon emissions through the use of smart energy networks, and offer consulting and other services such as formulating plans that enable clients to achieve their RE100 goals and supporting procurement of electricity from renewable sources.

<Initiatives for Digital Innovation>

We have established the 'New Business Development Project Department' this fiscal year and will set up a separate company during FY2019, thereby enabling us to accelerate the creation of new businesses and services leveraging digital technologies. Moreover, we have established the Business Transformation Department, which is to undertake initiatives for improving productivity largely by engaging in business process re-engineering geared to streamlining and enhancing operations.

The Group, through the abovementioned initiatives, will endeavor to ensure the peace-of-mind, safety, and trust, continue working to increase its corporate value and shareholder value, and meet the expectations of both shareholders and customers. Toward that end, we will greatly appreciate your ongoing understanding and support.

[Reference]

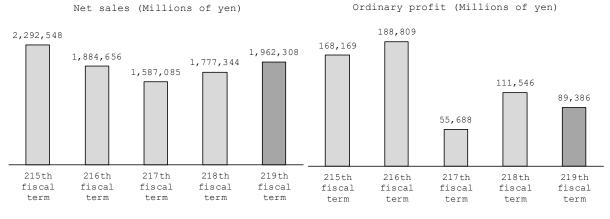
 Our bonds and relationships of trust with our customers, developed over the course of the past more than 130 years

Our bonds and relationships of trust with our customers, developed over the course of the past more than 130 years, are our greatest strength. As of March 31, 2019, Tokyo Gas Lifeval, Enesta, and Enefit have 181 outlets and over 10,000 employees who act as 'the face of Tokyo Gas' in each local region. Their service menu includes gas tap opening and shutoff, conducting periodic safety inspections of gas-related equipment and facilities, and gas meter reading. In addition, they are involved in proposing, installing, and maintaining various types of gas fixtures and appliances as well as housing fixtures and appliances, and remodeling with a focus on kitchens, bathrooms and other plumbing renovations. They also handle inquiries and applications from many customers for electricity supply and various other services.

Going forward, the Tokyo Gas Group remains committed to providing onestop gas, electricity and other services that support comfortable daily lifestyles for customers in local communities. (5) Changes in Status of Assets and Profit and Loss

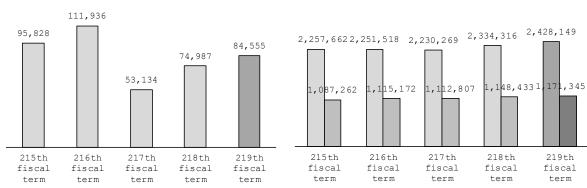
Categories (FY ended March 31)	215th fiscal term (2015)	216th fiscal term (2016)	217th fiscal term (2017)	218th fiscal term (2018)	219th fiscal term (2019)
(11 ended March 31)	(2013)	(2010)	(2017)	(2010)	(2019)
Net sales (Millions of yen)	2,292,548	1,884,656	1,587,085	1,777,344	1,962,308
Ordinary profit (Millions of yen)	168,169	188,809	55 , 688	111,546	89,386
Profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	95 , 828	111,936	53,134	74 , 987	84,555
Basic earnings per share (Yen)	39.15	46.68	115.09	164.12	187.60
Total assets (Millions of yen)	2,257,662	2,251,518	2,230,269	2,334,316	2,428,149
Net assets (Millions of yen)	1,087,262	1,115,172	1,112,807	1,148,433	1,171,345
Net assets per share (Yen)	438.28	460.35	2,398.70	2,487.58	2,575.99

- Notes: 1. The Company carried out a share consolidation at a ratio of 5 common shares to 1 effective October 1, 2017. Basic earnings per share and net assets per share are calculated assuming that the share consolidation was carried out at the beginning of the 217th fiscal term.
 - 2. The Company has implemented the Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting (ASBJ Statement No. 28, February 16, 2018) starting from the current year, and has implemented this standard retroactively with respect to total assets for the previous year (the 218th fiscal term). As a result, total assets for the previous year have decreased by ¥405 million.



Profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)

☐ Total assets (Millions of yen) ☐ Net assets (Millions of yen)



(6) Status of Principal Subsidiaries

Name of the company	The stated capital	Holding ratio of voting rights) (%)	Main business activities
TOKYO GAS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD.	\$1,654,337 thousand	100.00	LNG upstream businesses in Australia
Tokyo Gas America Ltd.	\$861,680 thousand	100.00	LNG upstream businesses, etc. in the Americas
Tokyo Gas Urban Development Co., Ltd.	¥11,894 million	100.00	Real estate management, leasing and brokerage
Tokyo Gas Engineering Solutions Corporation	¥10,000 million	100.00	Energy service and comprehensive engineering service business
Tokyo Gas International Holdings B.V.	EURO 54,734 thousand	100.00	Overseas investment project
Ohgishima Power Co., Ltd.	¥5,350 million	75.00	Operation and management of power station
Tokyo Gas Site Development Co., Ltd.	¥5,000 million	100.00	Real estate development and leasing and management of land and buildings
Nagano Toshi Gas Inc.	¥3,800 million	89.22	City gas business
Tokyo LNG Tanker Co., Ltd.	¥1,200 million	100.00	Leasing of tankers delivering LNG/LPG and overseas shipping business
Tokyo Gas Energy Co., Ltd.	¥1,000 million	66.60	Sale of LPG
Capty Co., Ltd.	¥1,000 million	60.00	Design and construction of gas pipelines, water supply and sewage pipes, air-conditioning systems
Tokyo Gas Chemicals Co., Ltd.	¥1,000 million	100.00	Sale of industrial gases and chemicals
Tokyo Gas Lease Co., Ltd.	¥450 million	100.00	Credit administration and leasing in connection with gas appliances and construction
TOKYO GAS i NET CORP.	¥400 million	100.00	Information processing service business
Nijio Co., Ltd.	¥47 million	100.00	Wholesale of electricity

Notes: 1. Tokyo Gas Urban Development Co., Ltd. and Tokyo Gas Site Development Co., Ltd. have integrated operations as of April 1, 2019. The trade name has accordingly been changed to Tokyo Gas Real Estate Co., Ltd.

2. The number of consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method associates including

the above 15 principal subsidiaries were 92 companies.

(7) Status of Reorganization, such as Business Assignment and Corporate Separation by Absorption or Corporate Separation by Incorporation

The Company resolved in its board of directors meeting on March 22, 2019 to undertake an absorption-type company split effective June 1, 2019, where Tokyo Gas will transfer real estate assets mainly used for leasing, and associated real estate business such as development, ownership, maintenance, management, operation, leasing, and sale & purchase to Tokyo Gas Urban Development Co., Ltd. (the name will be changed to Tokyo Gas Real Estate Co., Ltd. on April 1, 2019).

(8) Main Business Activities (As of March 31, 2019)

Business segment	Main business activities				
Gas	Production, supply and sale of city gas, liquid gas business, LNG sales, etc.				
Electric power	Production, supply and sale of electricity				
Overseas business Overseas upstream business, midstream and downstream business					
Energy-related	lated Engineering solution business, gas appliances, gas installation work, construction, etc.				
Real Estate	Leasing and management of land and buildings, etc.				
Other	Information processing service, shipping business, etc.				

(9) Main Business Offices and Factories (As of March 31, 2019)

1) The Company

Head Office	(Minato-ku, Tokyo)
Service Branches (Shisha, Shiten and Jigyobu)	Central Service Branch (Meguro-ku, Tokyo) Western Service Branch (Suginami-ku, Tokyo) Tama Service Branch (Tachikawa, Tokyo) Eastern Service Branch (Koto-ku, Tokyo) Chiba Branch Office (Chiba, Chiba) Northern Service Branch (Kita-ku, Tokyo) Saitama Branch Office (Saitama, Saitama) Kanagawa Branch Office (Yokohama, Kanagawa) Yokohama Service Branch (Yokohama, Kanagawa) Kawasaki Service Branch (Kawasaki, Kanagawa) Western Kanagawa Service Branch (Fujisawa, Kanagawa) Hitachi Branch Office (Hitachi, Ibaraki) Johsoh Branch Office (Ushiku, Ibaraki) Gunma Branch Office (Takasaki, Gunma) Kumagaya Branch Office (Kumagaya, Saitama) Utsunomiya Branch Office (Sakura, Chiba) Tsukuba Branch Office (Tsukuba, Ibaraki) Ibaraki Branch Office (Mito, Ibaraki)
Pipeline Regional Office	Chuo Pipeline Regional Office (Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo) Seibu Pipeline Regional Office (Setagaya-ku, Tokyo) Tobu Pipeline Regional Office (Arakawa-ku, Tokyo) Hokubu Pipeline Regional Office (Kita-ku, Tokyo) Kanagawa Pipeline Regional Office (Yokohama, Kanagawa)
LNG Terminals	Negishi LNG Terminal (Yokohama, Kanagawa) Sodegaura LNG Terminal (Sodegaura, Chiba) Ohgishima LNG Terminal (Yokohama, Kanagawa) Hitachi LNG Terminal (Hitachi, Ibaraki)

2) Principal subsidiaries

Name	Location of Head Office	Name	Location of Head Office
TOKYO GAS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Australia	Tokyo LNG Tanker Co., Ltd.	Minato-ku, Tokyo
Tokyo Gas America Ltd.	United States of America	Tokyo Gas Energy Co., Ltd.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Tokyo Gas Urban Development Co., Ltd.	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Capty Co., Ltd.	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo
Tokyo Gas Engineering Solutions Corporation	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Tokyo Gas Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Minato-ku, Tokyo
Tokyo Gas International Holdings B.V.	Netherlands	Tokyo Gas Lease Co., Ltd.	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo
Ohgishima Power Co., Ltd.	Yokohama, Kanagawa	TOKYO GAS i NET CORP.	Minato-ku, Tokyo
Tokyo Gas Site Development Co., Ltd.	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Nijio Co., Ltd.	Minato-ku, Tokyo
Nagano Toshi Gas Inc.	Nagano, Nagano		

(10) Status of Employees (As of March 31, 2019)

1) Number of employees in the Group

Business segment	Number of employees (Change from previous year)		
Gas	6,622	(-486)	
Electric power	261	(+28)	
Overseas business	111	(+50)	
Energy-related	5,210	(-174)	
Real Estate	1,060	(-29)	
Other	2,562	(+160)	
Corporate	882	(+21)	
Total	16,708	(-430)	

Notes: 1. 'Number of employees' refers to permanent full-time staff, includes employees seconded to the Company, and does not include employees seconded to other companies and temporary staff.

2. Changes from the previous year have been calculated based on data after the change in business segments.

2) Number of employees in the Company

Number of employees (Change from previous year)	Average age (Years)	Average service years
7,343 (-519)	43.2	15.7

Notes: 1. 'Number of employees' refers to permanent full-time employees and employees seconded to the Company, and does not include employees seconded to other companies and temporary staff.

'Average age' and 'Average service years' do not include those of employees seconded to the Company.

(11) Major Creditors and Balance of Borrowings (As of March 31, 2019)

Creditor	Balance of borrowings (Millions of yen)
Japan Bank for International Cooperation	81,935
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	41,850
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	27,000
Shinkin Central Bank	26,000
Syndicated Loan	25,000
MUFG Bank, Ltd.	20,294
The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	18,500
The Ashikaga Bank, Ltd.	16,500
Sumitomo Life Insurance Company	15,500
Joyo Bank, Ltd.	15,000

Note: Syndicated loan is a joint-financing instrument with Development Bank of Japan Inc. and Mizuho Bank, Ltd. as managers.

2. Matters Related to Shares of the Company (As of March 31, 2019)

(1) Aggregate number of authorized shares

Common share: 1,300,000,000 shares

(2) Aggregate number of shares issued

Common share: 451,355,759 shares

(3) Share trade unit 100 shares

(4) Number of shareholders

104,845

(5) Major shareholders

Name of shareholders	Number of shares held (Thousand shares)	Percentage of share ownership (%)
Nippon Life Insurance Company	31,296	6.96
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	28,168	6.26
The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	24,094	5.35
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	21,132	4.70
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 7)	10,478	2.33
Tokyo Gas Group Employees Shareholding Association	8,409	1.87
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 9)	8,126	1.81
STATE STREET BANK WEST CLIENT-TREATY 505234	8,003	1.78
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 5)	7,710	1.71
Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance Company	7,472	1.66

Note: Percentage of share ownership is calculated by the number of shares excluding treasury share (1,410,673 shares).

(6) Other principal items regarding shares

1) Retirement of treasury shares

Common share: 6,717,500 shares
Total value of retirement: ¥19,580,303,350
Shares owned by the Company as of the balance sheet d

2) Shares owned by the Company as of the balance sheet date Common share: 1,410,673 shares

3. Matters Related to Share Option in Kind (As of March 31, 2019)

There are no items to report.

4. Matters Related to Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company

(1) Name, etc. of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members (As of March 31, 2019)

Name	Position	Areas of responsibility in the Company and 'Important concurrent posts'
Michiaki Hirose	Director and Chairman of the Board	
Takashi Uchida	Representative Director, President	
Masaru Takamatsu	Representative Director, Executive Vice President	Chief Executive of Residential Service Div.
Takashi Anamizu	Representative Director, Executive Vice President	Chief Executive of Energy Solution Div. Chief Executive of Power Business Div.
Kunio Nohata	Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer	Chief Executive of Global Business Div.
Akihiko Ide	Outside Director	Director of Sakai Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.
Yoshinori Katori	Outside Director	
Chika Igarashi	Outside Director	Attorney at law of Nishimura & Asahi
Hideaki Obana	Standing Audit & Supervisory Board Member	
Hideaki Arai	Standing Audit & Supervisory Board Member	
Yoshihiko Morita	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	
Masato Nobutoki	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	
Sawako Nohara	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	President and Representative Director of IPSe Marketing. Inc. Outside Director of Sompo Holdings, Inc. Outside Director of JAPAN POST BANK Co., Ltd.

Note: Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member Yoshihiko Morita has in-depth experiences in international finance field activities and is highly knowledgeable about financial accounting matters.

(2) Total Value of Remuneration of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

	Total value of	Total value of remuner (Millions			by type	
Category remuneration, etc.	Fixed remuneration	Performance-linked remuneration		Retirement	Number of payees (people)	
	(Millions of yen)	(monthly remuneration)	Monthly remuneration	Bonuses	benefits	(200210)
Directors (excluding Outside Directors)	368	253	59	56	-	8
Audit & Supervisory Board Members (excluding Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members)	74	74	-	-	-	2
Outside Directors	34	27	-	6	-	3
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	33	33	-	-	-	4

- Notes: 1. The above includes three (3) Directors and one (1) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member retiring upon the conclusion of the 218th Annual Shareholders Meeting.
 - 2. The aggregate monthly remuneration payable to all Directors (including Outside Directors) of up to \$50 million was approved at the 205th Annual Shareholders Meeting, and the aggregate annual bonus payable to all Directors of up to \$90 million was approved at the 206th Annual Shareholders Meeting.
 - 3. The aggregate monthly remuneration payable to all Audit & Supervisory Board Members (including Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members) of up to ¥12 million was approved at the 190th Annual Shareholders Meeting.

(3) Policy on Determination of Remuneration in Kind for Officer of the Company

As a means of enhancing its corporate governance, the Company has set forth its 'Basic Policy on Remuneration' and the Board of Directors, at its meeting held on February 23, 2012, resolved to revise it as follows:

- 1) Role of executive and remuneration The role demanded of the executive is to seek to enhance short-term, medium- and long-term corporate value, and executive remuneration shall serve as an effective incentive for them to perform that role.
- 2) Level of remuneration The level of executive compensation shall be suitable for the role, responsibility and performance of the executive.
- 3) Remuneration of Directors and its composition
 - Remuneration of Directors shall be paid within the scope of the remuneration limit approved at Shareholders Meeting.
 - ii. Remuneration of Inside Directors shall comprise monthly remuneration and bonus.
 - Monthly remuneration shall comprise fixed remuneration paid in accordance with the post of each individual and performance-linked remuneration. A portion of fixed remuneration shall be allocated to the purchase of shares based on a share-purchase guideline and from the standpoints of reflecting the perspectives of shareholders on management and improving shareholder value over the long term. The amount of performance-linked remuneration shall be determined after evaluating company-wide performance and performance of operating units from the standpoints of motivating Inside Directors to execute

- management strategies and reflecting their performance clearly in their remuneration.
- The amount of bonus to be paid shall be determined in accordance with the post of each Inside Directors after performance evaluation.
- iii. Remuneration of Outside Directors shall comprise monthly remuneration and bonus. Monthly remuneration shall comprise only fixed remuneration, while bonus shall be the same as that of Inside Directors.
- 4) Remuneration of Audit & Supervisory Board Members and its composition
 - i. Remuneration of Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall be paid within the scope of the remuneration limit approved at Shareholders Meeting and determined through discussions among Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
 - ii. Remuneration of Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall comprise only fixed monthly remuneration.
- 5) Assurance of objectivity and transparency of remuneration system The Company shall assure the objectivity and transparency of the system of remuneration by establishing and operating the 'Advisory Committee' comprising Outside Directors, Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and a number of Inside Directors (at least half of committee members shall be Outside Directors or Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and an Outside Director or an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member shall be chairman) to govern the system of personnel affairs and remunerations of executives.

(4) Matters Related to Outside Officers

- 1) Outside Director Akihiko Ide
 - i. The relationship between the other legal person in kind, in which outside officer having the 'Important concurrent posts,' with the Company:
 - There is no special relationship between the Company and the legal person in kind in which ${\tt Mr.}$ Ide has the important concurrent posts.
 - ii. Status of major activities during the business year under review Mr. Ide has attended 12 of 12 Board of Directors meetings. Mr. Ide provides the Company with a wide variety of opinions on its management operations by using the cosmopolitan outlook he has acquired in overseas businesses in the general materials industry, particularly in Asia, as well as the management capabilities and in-depth knowledge he has acquired through a wide range of business development in resource business and others.
 - The Company designates Mr. Ide as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified him to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).
- 2) Outside Director Yoshinori Katori
 - i. The relationship between the other legal person in kind, in which outside officer having the 'Important concurrent posts,' with the Company:
 - There are no items to report.
 - ii. Status of major activities during the business year under review Mr. Katori has attended 12 of 12 Board of Directors meetings. Given his international way of thinking acquired as a diplomat,

wide perspective and in-depth knowledge, Mr. Katori provides the Company with a wide variety of opinions on its management operations.

The Company designates Mr. Katori as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified him to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

- 3) Outside Director Chika Igarashi
 - i. The relationship between the other legal person in kind, in which outside officer having the 'Important concurrent posts,' with the Company:

There is no special relationship between the Company and the legal person in kind in which Ms. Igarashi has the important concurrent posts.

- ii. Status of major activities during the business year under review Ms. Igarashi has attended 12 of 12 Board of Directors meetings. Given her high level of legal expertise built up through many years of experience in corporate legal affairs, broad outlook and in-depth knowledge, Ms. Igarashi provides the Company with a wide variety of opinions on its management operations. The Company designates Ms. Igarashi as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Director), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified her to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).
- 4) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member Yoshihiko Morita
 - i. The relationship between the other legal person in kind, in which outside officer having the 'Important concurrent posts,' with the Company:

There are no items to report.

ii. Status of major activities during the business year under review Mr. Morita has attended 12 of 12 Board of Directors meetings and 12 of 12 Audit & Supervisory Board meetings. Given his broad cosmopolitan outlook and in-depth knowledge acquired in the fields of international finance and overseas economic cooperation, Mr. Morita offers appropriate opinions both at meetings of the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board.

The Company designates Mr. Morita as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Audit & Supervisory Board Member), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified him to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

- 5) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member Masato Nobutoki
 - i. The relationship between the other legal person in kind, in which outside officer having the 'Important concurrent posts,' with the Company:

There are no items to report.

ii. Status of major activities during the business year under review Mr. Nobutoki has attended 11 of 12 Board of Directors meetings and 11 of 12 Audit & Supervisory Board meetings. Given the abundant experience and deep insight as a company employee and as a public officer of a local government agency, Mr. Nobutoki offers appropriate opinions both at meetings of the

Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board. The Company designates Mr. Nobutoki as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Audit & Supervisory Board Member), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified him to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

- 6) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member Sawako Nohara
 - i. The relationship between the other legal person in kind, in which outside officer having the 'Important concurrent posts,' with the Company:

There is no special relationship between the Company and the legal person in kind in which Ms. Nohara has the important concurrent posts.

ii. Status of major activities during the business year under review Ms. Nohara has attended 9 of 10 Board of Directors meetings and 9 of 10 Audit & Supervisory Board meetings held after she was appointed at the 218th Annual Shareholders Meeting. Given the experience as a corporate manager and advanced specialization and in-depth knowledge related to IT, Ms. Nohara offers appropriate opinions both at meetings of the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board.

The Company designates Ms. Nohara as the 'Independent Officer' (Independent Audit & Supervisory Board Member), who will not have conflicting interests with general shareholders, and notified her to the listing stock exchanges (Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange).

The Company has entered into agreements with respective Outside Directors and respective Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members that limit their liability for damages under Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act to the amount provided for in Article 425, paragraph 1 of the same Act.

5. Status of Accounting Auditor (Independent Auditor)

(1) Name of Accounting Auditor

KPMG AZSA LLC

(2) Value of Remuneration of Accounting Auditor for this Business Year under Review

		(Fillions of year)
Category	Compensation for audit services	Compensation for non-audit services
The Company	130	23
Consolidated subsidiaries	133	7
Total	264	31

- Notes: 1. The auditing contract between the Company and the Accounting Auditor makes no distinction between auditing services based on the Companies Act and auditing services based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. Since no real distinction can be made in practice, the amount of the Company's compensation for auditing services also includes payments for auditing services based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, etc.
 - 2. The Company's Audit & Supervisory Board discussed matters by taking into account, for example, the details of the audit plan prepared by the Accounting Auditor, and the basis of calculating remuneration and the past audit results, and then reached an agreement on the amount of remuneration of the Accounting Auditor in accordance with Article 399 of the Companies Act.
 - 3. Of the principal subsidiaries of the Company, TOKYO GAS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD, Tokyo Gas America Ltd. and Tokyo Gas International Holdings B.V. are audited by auditing firms other than the Accounting Auditor of the Company.

(3) The Contents of Non-Audit Services

The Company commissions the Accounting Auditor to provide non-audit services such as financial due diligence reporting, drafting of comfort letters relating to issuance of unsecured bonds, and services relating to statements of income and expenditure for Wheeling Service.

(4) Policy on Determination to Dismiss or Refrain from Reappointing the Accounting Auditor

The Company appoints the Accounting Auditor by comprehensively taking into account their operating scale, track record, business execution structure and other pertinent factors and on condition that they are capable of executing fair and stringent accounting audits.

It is the policy of the Company to decide to dismiss or not reappoint the appointed Accounting Auditor in accordance with the provisions of Article 340, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act or if, in light of the aforementioned appointment criteria, the Accounting Auditor is deemed to be incapable of executing fair and stringent accounting audits.

6. Basic Policy on Control of a Joint-Stock Corporation

Based on 'Challenge 2020 Vision,' the Company passed at the meeting of its Board of Directors held on January 31, 2012, a resolution on amendment of the 'Basic Policy on the Management Principles and Control of the Tokyo Gas Group' as follows:

The Tokyo Gas Group supplies city gas in a safe and stable manner to roughly ten million accounts of customers mainly in the greater metropolitan Tokyo region, and conducts businesses of extremely high public interest by offering the best possible mixture of various energies including gas, heat and electricity and their added values, and by helping customers lead a comfortable life and build environment-friendly cities. The Group makes it one of its fundamental principles to continue to grow while enjoying a constant trust of its customers and shareholders and society.

On the strength of this management principle and medium— and long-term business strategy, it is the basic management policy of the Company to achieve stable long-term management and steady enhancement of corporate value by simultaneously allocating profits to its customers, shareholders and other stakeholders in a stable and balanced manner. The Company will distribute the financial returns to shareholders based on the 'Policy on Determination of Dividends from Surplus and Others' prescribed separately.

The Company, as a listed company, expects it could be posed by any party attempting to acquire a massive quantity of its shares or making a buyoff proposal, but whether to accept it should ultimately be determined by the intent of the entire body of the Company's shareholders. By looking at their purpose, method and others, however, the Company considers some of these massive share-purchasing attempts could damage its corporate value and joint interests of its shareholders, and would find them to be inappropriate. In making this judgment, the Company would carefully examine impacts the relevant act of purchasing or buyoff proposal might have on the Company's corporate value and joint interests of shareholders on the basis of the relevant purchaser's actual business operations, future business plans, past investment behavior, etc.

The Company considers 'increasing corporate value' is the most effective

The Company considers 'increasing corporate value' is the most effective defensive measure against an act of inappropriate massive share-purchasing. At this particular time, no specific threat to the Company is being posed by buyoff, and the Company does not currently intend to have any specific predetermined measures (the so-called 'poison pills') in place. However, the Company does intend to constantly watch the conditions of the trading of its shares and will take immediate countermeasures as deemed appropriate if any party is found to be attempting to acquire a massive quantity of its shares.

[English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in the Japanese Language]

Consolidated Balance Sheet As of March 31, 2019

	(Millions of yen)
ASSETS	
Non-current Assets	1,901,403
Property, plant and equipment	1,425,634
Production facilities	234,433
Distribution facilities	548,529
Service and maintenance facilities	49,586
Other facilities	447,608
Inactive facilities	316
Construction in progress	145,160
Intangible assets	120,359
Goodwill	1,306
Other	119,052
Investments and other assets	355 , 409
Investment securities	225,212
Long-term loans receivable	40,158
Net defined benefit asset	24
Deferred tax assets	42,425
Other	,
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(362)
Current Assets	526,745
Cash and deposits	93,092
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	265,225
Lease receivables and investment assets	19,647
Merchandise and finished goods	2,194
Work in process	12,730
Raw materials and supplies	63,735
Other	71,306
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,186)
Total Assets	2,428,149

(PI	TITIONS OF YEN)
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
LIABILITIES	
Non-current Liabilities	919,176
Bonds payable	334,998
Long-term loans payable	394,542
Deferred tax liabilities	17,517
Net defined benefit liability	75 , 262
Provision for gas holder repairs	2,990
Provision for safety measures	1,776
Provision for appliance warranties	14,057
Provision for point service program	1,450
Asset retirement obligations	11,940
Other	64,640
Current Liabilities	337,626
Current portion of non-current liabilities	51,566
Notes and accounts payable-trade	69 , 605
Short-term loans payable	5,133
Income taxes payable	31,283
Other	180,037
Total Liabilities	1,256,803
NET ACCETC	
NET ASSETS Shareholders' Equity	1,115,918
Capital stock	141,844
Capital surplus	1,634
Retained earnings	976,550
Treasury shares	(4,111)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	43,137
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	22,756
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	1,604
Foreign currency translation adjustment	24,770
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(5,994)
Non-controlling interests	12,289
Total Net Assets	1,171,345
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	2,428,149
Total Elabilities and 11ct / 100cts	, -,

$\frac{\texttt{Consolidated Statement of Income}}{\texttt{From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019}}$

From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019	
(P	Millions of yen)
Net sales	1,962,308
Cost of sales	1,407,345
[Gross profit]	[554,963]
Supply and sales expenses	392,466
General and administrative expenses	68,791
[Operating profit]	[93,704]
Non-operating income	13,771
Interest income	1,612
Dividend income	2,812
Rent income	1,668
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	2,794
Miscellaneous income	4,883
Non-operating expenses	18,089
Interest expenses	11,091
Miscellaneous expenses	6 , 997
[Ordinary profit]	[89,386]
Extraordinary income	35,727
Gain on sales of non-current assets	29,306
Gain on sales of investment securities	6,420
Extraordinary losses	7,865
Loss on valuation of investment securities	7,865
[Profit before income taxes]	[117,248]
Income taxes - current	26,113
Income taxes - deferred	6,823
Profit	84,311
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(244)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	84 , 555

[English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in the Japanese Language] $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular} \label{table_english} \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$

$\frac{\texttt{Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet}}{\texttt{As of March 31, 2019}}$

no of rate 51, 2015	(Millions of yen)
ASSETS	
Non-current Assets	1,680,852
Property, plant and equipment	
Production facilities	238,636
Distribution facilities	541,740
Service and maintenance facilities	64,729
Facilities for incidental businesses	5 , 587
Inactive facilities	316
Construction in progress	109,756
Intangible assets	97,690
Patent right	10
Leasehold right	1,763
Goodwill	100
Other	95 , 815
Investments and other assets	622 , 395
Investment securities	65 , 711
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	364,614
Long-term loans receivable	41
Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates	133,053
Investments in capital	13
Long-term prepaid expenses	23,848
Deferred tax assets	26,914
Other	8,534
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(336)
Current Assets	398,009
Cash and deposits	37,225
Notes receivable - trade	1,139
Accounts receivable - trade	187,677
Accounts receivable from subsidiaries and associates - trade	39,152
Accounts receivable - other	7,848
Finished goods	113
Raw materials	44,350
Supplies	10,339
Advance payments	1,156
Prepaid expenses	
Short-term receivables from subsidiaries and associates	25,919
Other	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	
Total Assets	2,078,862

	(Millions of yen)
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	_
LIABILITIES	
Non-current Liabilities	782 , 917
Bonds payable	334,998
Long-term loans payable	
Long-term debt to subsidiaries and associates	361
Provision for retirement benefits	59 , 078
Provision for gas holder repairs	2,631
Provision for safety measures	1,776
Provision for appliance warranties	14,057
Provision for point service program	1,450
Asset retirement obligations	316
Other	36,484
Current Liabilities	404,732
Current portion of non-current liabilities	
Accounts payable - trade	
Accounts payable - other	
Accrued expenses	
Income taxes payable	
Advances received	
Deposits received	•
Short-term loans payable from subsidiaries and associates	·
Short-term debt to subsidiaries and associates	
Other	•
Total Liabilities	
Total Liabilities	1/10//019
NET ACCETC	
NET ASSETS	070 064
Shareholders' Equity	
Capital stock	·
Capital stock	
Capital surplus	
Legal capital surplus	
Retained earnings	
Legal retained earnings	
Other retained earnings	
Reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets	
Reserve for overseas investment loss	
Reserve for adjustment of cost fluctuations	•
General reserve	•
Retained earnings brought forward	210,782
Treasury shares	(4,111)
Treasury shares	(4,111)
Valuation and Translation Adjustments	12,248
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	22,271
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	22,271
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(10,023)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	
Total Net Assets	-
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	
Total Eddinged and Net / 1996	, , , , , , , , , ,

$\frac{\texttt{Non-Consolidated Statement of Income}}{\texttt{From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019}}$

riom April 1, 2010 to match 31, 2019	(Millions of yen)
Gas business sales	
Gas sales	1,193,670
Third party access revenue	
Revenue from interoperator settlement	7,212
Cost of sales	770,980
Beginning inventories	
Cost of products manufactured	763,479
Purchase of finished goods	
Costs of gas for own use	1,928
Ending inventories	113
[Gross profit]	
Supply and sales expenses	
General and administrative expenses	
[Income on core business]	
Miscellaneous operating revenue	
Revenue from installation work	
Other miscellaneous operating revenue	
Miscellaneous operating expenses	·
Expenses of installation work	
Other miscellaneous operating expenses	
Revenue for incidental businesses	
Expenses for incidental businesses	•
[Operating profit]	
Non-operating income	
Dividend income	
Dividend income	,
Rent income	•
Miscellaneous income	- ,
	·
Non-operating expenses	
Interest expenses	·
Amortization of bond issuance cost	,
	384
Adjustments of charges for construction of distribution facilities	1,791
Miscellaneous expenses	•
[Ordinary profit]	
Extraordinary income	
Gain on sales of investment securities	
Extraordinary losses	
[Profit before income taxes]	
Income taxes - current	
Income taxes - deferred	
Profit	53,717

Independent Auditor's Report

May 14, 2019

The Board of Directors Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.

KPMG AZSA LLC

Yoshihide Takehisa (Seal)
Designated Limited Liability
Partner
Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

Toshiyuki Tamura (Seal)
Designated Limited Liability
Partner
Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

Yoshihiro Uehara (Seal)
Designated Limited Liability
Partner
Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

We have audited the consolidated financial statements, comprising the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of income, the consolidated statement of changes in net assets and the related notes of Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. as at March 31, 2019 and for the year from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019 in accordance with Article 444-4 of the Companies Act.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit as independent auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain

reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the financial statement audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries for the period, for which the consolidated financial statements were prepared, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Other Matter

Our firm and engagement partners have no interest in the Company which should be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor's Report:

The Independent Auditor's Report herein is the English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report as required by the Companies Act.

Independent Auditor's Report

May 14, 2019

The Board of Directors Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.

KPMG AZSA LLC

Yoshihide Takehisa (Seal)
Designated Limited Liability
Partner
Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

Toshiyuki Tamura (Seal)
Designated Limited Liability
Partner
Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

Yoshihiro Uehara (Seal)
Designated Limited Liability
Partner
Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

We have audited the financial statements, comprising the balance sheet, the statement of income, the statement of changes in net assets and the related notes, and the supplementary schedules of Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. as at March 31, 2019 and for the year from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019 in accordance with Article 436-2-1 of the Companies Act.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements and Others

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements and the supplementary schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements and the supplementary schedules based on our audit as independent auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial

statements and the supplementary schedules are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and the supplementary schedules. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the financial statement audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements and the supplementary schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. for the period, for which the financial statements and the supplementary schedules were prepared, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Other Matter

Our firm and engagement partners have no interest in the Company which should be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor's Report:

The Independent Auditor's Report herein is the English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report as required by the Companies Act.

[English Translation of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Report Originally Issued in the Japanese Language]

AUDIT REPORT

The Audit & Supervisory Board (the 'Board'), having deliberated on the audit reports prepared by each Audit & Supervisory Board Members on the execution of the duties of Directors for the 219th business year from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019, does hereby report on its audit findings as follows:

- 1. Method and Contents of Audit by Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Board (1) The Board set the audit policy, audit plan, etc., debriefed Audit & Supervisory Board Members on the status of execution and results of their audits, debriefed Directors and Independent Auditors on the status of execution of their duties, and requested explanations as needed.
 - (2) While maintaining proper communication with Directors, internal audit staff and other employees, Audit & Supervisory Board Members strived to maintain an environment for information gathering and auditing, and executed their audits in the manner described below in conformity with the audit & supervisory board members' audit standard established by the Board and in accordance with the audit policy, audit plan, etc. established by the Board.
 - 1) Audit & Supervisory Board Members attended the meetings of the Board of Directors, the Management Committee and other important meetings of the Company, debriefed Directors and employees on the status of execution of their duties, requested explanations as needed, inspected important decision-making documents, etc. and examined the status of business operations and properties at the head office and main business units. With respect to the subsidiaries, Audit & Supervisory Board Members examined the status of subsidiaries' operations and properties by maintaining proper communication with subsidiaries' Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc. and physically visiting some of them as necessary.
 - 2) With respect to the contents of the resolutions of the Board of Directors on the development of the corporate structure and system to ensure that execution by Directors of their duties conformed to the provisions of the relevant acts and the Articles of Incorporation and of the corporate structure and system which are prescribed in Article 100, Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the 'Enforcement Regulations of the Companies Act' as being necessary for ensuring the appropriateness of operations of a corporate group consisting of a joint-stock corporation and its subsidiaries, and also the corporate structure and system (internal control system) put in place by the said resolutions, which are described in the business report, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Board debriefed Directors and employees on the status of the establishment and management of the corporate structure and system, requested explanations as needed, and made opinions.
 - With respect to internal control covering financial reporting, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members debriefed the Directors and KPMG AZSA LLC on evaluation of the said internal control and status of audit and requested explanations as needed.
 - 3) Audit & Supervisory Board Members further discussed the contents of the Basic Policy, prescribed in Article 118, Item 3 of the 'Enforcement Regulations of the Companies Act,' stated in the Business Report based on deliberation at meetings of the Board of Directors and other occasions.
 - 4) Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Board monitored and verified whether or not the Independent Auditors had maintained their independent positions and had conducted appropriate audits, debriefed Independent Auditors on the status of execution of their duties, and requested explanations as needed. In addition, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Board were informed by Independent Auditors that they were developing the 'structure and system to ensure that their duties would be executed in a proper manner' (items prescribed in Article 131 of the 'Company Calculation Regulations') in accordance with 'Quality Control Standard for Auditing' (by Business Accounting Council dated October 28, 2005), and requested explanations as needed.

Based on the aforementioned methods, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Board examined the Company's Business Report and its supporting schedules, Financial Statements (non-consolidated balance sheet, non-consolidated statement of income, non-consolidated statement of changes in net assets, and the notes to the non-consolidated financial statements), their supporting schedules, and Consolidated Financial Statements (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of changes in net assets, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements) for the business year under review.

2. Results of Audit

- (1) Results of audit of Business Report, etc.
 - 1) The Business Report and its supporting schedules present fairly the status of the Company in conformity with the relevant acts and the Articles of Incorporation.
 - 2) No misconduct or material fact running counter to the relevant acts or the Articles of Incorporation has been found in respect of execution of Directors' duties.
 - 3) The contents of the Board of Directors' resolution on the internal control system are fair and reasonable. The descriptions in the Business Report and execution by Directors of their duties related to the said internal control system, including the internal control covering financial reporting, have no specific problems which have to be pointed out.
 - 4) The contents of basic policy for appointed ruler, who decide the Company's policy of Finance and Business described on the Business Report has no specific problems which have to be pointed out.
- (2) Results of audit of financial statements and their supporting schedules
 The audit methods adopted and the results of audit rendered by KPMG AZSA LLC,
 Independent Auditors, are fair and reasonable.
- (3) Results of audit of consolidated financial statements The audit methods adopted and the results of audit rendered by KPMG AZSA LLC, Independent Auditors, are fair and reasonable.

May 16, 2019

Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.	Audit	& Supervisory Board
Hideaki Obana		Standing Audit & Supervisory
		Board Member
Hideaki Arai		Standing Audit & Supervisory
		Board Member
Yoshihiko Morita		Outside Audit & Supervisory
		Board Member
Masato Nobutoki		Outside Audit & Supervisory
		Board Member
Sawako Nohara		Outside Audit & Supervisory
		Board Member

Matters Disclosed via the Internet Pursuant to Laws and Regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control

System and Overview of Operational Status of the

System

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Non-Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Notes to the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

219th Fiscal Year (April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019)

TOKYO GAS CO., LTD.

The information relevant to matters that require disclosure in the Business Report "Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control System and Overview of Operational Status of the System", the consolidated financial statements "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity", "Notes to the Consolidated Financial and non-consolidated Statements", financial statements "Non-Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" and "Notes to the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements" are provided via the Internet by posting them on the Company's (www.tokyo-gas.co.jp) pursuant to laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control System and Overview of Operational Status of the System

I. Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control System

The Company passed a resolution to revise the 'Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control System' at the meeting of its Board of Directors held on February 22, 2019 as follows:

(1) Corporate structure and system for ensuring that Directors will execute their duties in conformity with the relevant acts, the Articles of Incorporation and other rules and regulations

- 1) The Company shall establish the 'Corporate Action Philosophy' and 'Our Code of Conduct' as the foundations of the compliance structure/system at the Company and its subsidiaries shall comply with them.
- 2) In order to ensure that its Directors and employees will comply with the 'Relevant Acts,' the 'Management Principles,' the 'Corporate Action Philosophy' and the 'Our Code of Conduct' the Company shall, pursuant to the provisions of the 'Business Ethics Committee Regulations,' establish a Business Ethics Committee as a deliberating/coordinating organ to promote proper development/operation of the compliance structure and system at the Company and its subsidiaries.
- 3) The Company shall appoint an appropriate number of Outside Directors and Executive Officers in order to clarify separation of supervisory functions of management from executive functions of management and strengthen the managerial decision-making and supervisory functions of the Board of Directors.
- 4) The Company, in order to ensure objectivity and transparency of management, shall establish the advisory committee comprising Outside Directors, Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Company's Directors as an advisory organ for deliberating on executive remuneration, etc.
- 5) The Board of Directors, pursuant to the provisions of the 'Regulations of the Board of Directors,' shall establish the 'Basic policy on Development of Internal Control System.'
- 6) Directors charged with the execution of operations shall fulfill their role and responsibility for developing a system of internal controls in accordance with the basic policy determined by the Board of Directors.
- 7) The Company shall establish 'Regulations Concerning the Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation of Internal Controls Covering Financial Reporting' and, based on these Regulations, evaluate the effectiveness of internal controls relating to financial reporting and ensure the reliability of financial reports.
- 8) The Company shall establish 'Regulations Concerning Insider Trading Prevention and Timely Disclosure' and, based on these Regulations, prevent the practice of insider trading within the Company and its subsidiaries and ensure the appropriateness and promptness of information disclosure that is demanded of all listed corporations by the 'Securities Listing Regulations.'
- 9) Directors, if they discover any matter that may exert a material influence on management of the Company and its subsidiaries, shall inform the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the said matter without delay.
- 10) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where Audit & Supervisory Board Members would be empowered to audit the duties executed by Directors in accordance with the 'Audit Standards' established by the Audit & Supervisory Board.

(2) Corporate structure and system for preserving and managing information relevant to execution of Directors' duties

1) The Company shall preserve and manage information relevant to execution of Directors' duties in a proper and secure manner according to preservation media and keep the said information available for inspection as needed, pursuant to the 'Document-handling Regulations' and the 'Information Security Management Regulations.'

(3) Corporate structure and system for ensuring that Directors' duties will be executed in an efficient manner

- 1) The Board of Directors shall pass resolutions on the agendas submitted for deliberation and resolution pursuant to the provisions of the relevant acts, the Articles of Incorporation and the 'Regulations of the Board of Directors.' The Board of Directors, pursuant to the provisions of the said Regulations, shall in principle convene one meeting per month and convene one as needed. Of the agendas submitted to the Board of Directors, those agendas which require prior deliberations or are otherwise critical enough to affect management shall be deliberated on at the Management Committee comprising Executive Officers with Titles.
- 2) Details of the persons in charge of executing operations based on the decisions of the Board of Directors, their responsibilities, and the relevant executing procedures shall be prescribed in the 'Execution Framework Regulations.'
- 3) The Representative Director shall report the status of operational execution to the Board of Directors pursuant to the provisions of the 'Regulations of the Board of Directors.'
- 4) The Board of Directors shall formulate medium— and long-term management plans, single-year management plans, and business strategies, and, based on them, establish principal management objectives and verify progress periodically, thereby ensuring that Directors execute their duties in an efficient and effective manner.

(4) Corporate structure, system and regulations on management of risks of loss

- 1) The Board of Directors shall establish 'Risk Management Policies' to promote the management of risks incurred by the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as a Risk Management Committee and a risk management unit. In addition, the Board of Directors shall specify material risks associated with executing operations by the Company and its subsidiaries, and review them annually.
- 2) All the units concerned with projects involving investments, equity participations, loans and debt guarantees shall evaluate their profitability and risks and, based on the said evaluation, submit the relevant agendas to the Management Committee or the Board of Directors for approval. Derivative transactions shall be executed pursuant to the provisions of the 'Regulations on Management of Market Risks.'
- 3) In the event of any unforeseen circumstance such as a natural disaster, a manufacturing/supply trouble and a state of emergency, all the units concerned shall cope with the said circumstance in a prompt and proper manner by putting predetermined structures and systems in place in accordance with the 'Emergency Response Organization Regulations.'
- 4) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system that would cause each of its unit and subsidiaries to grasp risks associated with operational execution on its own, and manage such risks by formulating and implementing necessary countermeasures on its own.

(5) Corporate structure and system for ensuring that employees will execute their duties in conformity with the relevant acts, the Articles of Incorporation, and other rules and regulations

- 1) In order to facilitate proper development/operation of the compliance structure and system within the Company and its subsidiaries, the Company shall establish a Compliance Department. In addition, the Company shall establish a 'Tokyo Gas Compliance Consulting Unit' to offer consulting services for the whole of the Company and its subsidiaries on contraventions of the acts and the Articles of Incorporation and other questionable compliance-related practices and acts.
- 2) The Company shall establish a legal affairs unit with the General Administration Department with a view to further bolstering the corporate structure and system in which its Directors and employees will fully comply with the Antitrust Act, industry laws, general supply provision, etc.
- 3) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where Audit & Supervisory Board Members would be empowered to audit the status of development/operation of its compliance structure and system and, if they detect or discover any problem, they would be entitled to demand that the situation be ameliorated.
- 4) The Company shall establish an Internal Audit Department which must operate independently of any unit executing operations. The Internal Audit Department shall audit the status/operation of accounting, operations, compliance, information system and risk management in the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with the 'Internal Audit Regulations,' and shall report its findings to the Management Committee and Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(6) Corporate structure and system for ensuring appropriateness of operations at the corporate group including subsidiaries

- 1) The Company shall demand that its subsidiaries establish those rules and regulations which would be necessary for ensuring compliance with the 'Corporate Action Philosophy' and the 'Our Code of Conduct' and the appropriateness of operations. Each one of the subsidiaries' Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall assume the duty of due care and diligence of a good manager in ensuring the appropriateness of operations.
- 2) The Company shall prescribe 'Regulations on the Management of Subsidiaries,' and establish a corporate structure and system where its Directors would be empowered to manage its subsidiaries by approving and receiving reports on important matters including those related to its exercise of shareholder's rights vis-à-vis the subsidiaries. The Company shall retain part of its powers over subsidiaries' business operations.
- 3) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where, if for purposes of subsidiaries management any of its subsidiaries is found to have a compliance-related problem including contravention of the acts or the Articles of Incorporation, the relevant subsidiaries would be required to report such a problem to Compliance Department or other units of the Company as appropriate. In connection with the said problem, each one of the relevant subsidiary's Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall assume the duty of due care and diligence of a good manager.
- 4) If any of the Company's Directors detects or discovers any principal compliance-related problem at any subsidiaries including contravention of the acts or the Articles of Incorporation, he/she shall report the said problem to the Management Committee and Audit & Supervisory Board Members without delay.

- 5) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where its Audit & Supervisory Board Members would be able to conduct their audits of subsidiaries in an efficient and effective manner in close coordination with Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the relevant subsidiaries and Internal Audit Department. The Company shall also establish a corporate structure and system where, if audit findings reveal the presence of a problem in ensuring the appropriateness of operations of the whole of the Company and its subsidiaries, Audit & Supervisory Board Members would be empowered to demand that the relevant Director ameliorate the situation.
- 6) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where Internal Audit Department would be able to conduct its audits of subsidiaries in an efficient and effective manner in close coordination with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company and subsidiaries, and report its findings to the Management Committee, Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and the Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the relevant subsidiaries.
- (7) Matters related to employees who are assigned to assist in the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and matters related to independence of the relevant employees from Directors
 - 1) With the aim of providing its Audit & Supervisory Board Members with necessary assistance, the Company shall establish an Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Office staffed by full-time personnel who would operate independently of any unit executing operations.
 - 2) The Board of Directors shall decide on human resources-related matters of the manager of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Office and other employees subject to consent of Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- (8) Corporate structures and systems for reporting by Directors and employees to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, for other reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and for ensuring that Audit & Supervisory Board Members' audits will be executed in an effective manner
 - 1) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where its Audit & Supervisory Board Members would be able to demand, as needed, that Directors and employees inform them of any matters necessary for execution of their duties.
 - 2) The Company shall guarantee that Audit & Supervisory Board Members will have an opportunity to exchange views with Directors as needed; that they will be allowed to attend principal meetings and express their views on lawfulness, etc. as needed; and that they will have access to important information.
 - 3) The Company shall establish a corporate structure and system where its Audit & Supervisory Board Members would be able to ensure the effectiveness of their audits by coordinating with Independent Auditor, Audit & Supervisory Board Members of its subsidiaries and Internal Audit Department.

II. Overview of Operational Status of Internal Control System

(1) Corporate structure and system for ensuring that Directors will execute their duties in conformity with the relevant acts, the Articles of Incorporation and other rules and regulations

During this fiscal year, the Board of Directors meeting was held 12 times, and we discussed and made decisions on important matters. Furthermore, Directors responsible for key policies reported to us on the execution of operations.

The Board of Directors received outside assessment and reports from the Accounting Auditor, and confirmed the reliability of financial reporting in accordance with the 'Regulations Concerning the Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation of Internal Controls Covering Financial Reporting.'

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members audited the above duties executed by Directors in accordance with the 'Audit Standards' established by the Audit & Supervisory Board.

(2) Corporate structure and system for preserving and managing information relevant to execution of Directors' duties

The Company has properly prepared and kept the minutes, etc. of the Board of Directors meeting so that the Directors, etc. can view them at their request.

(3) Corporate structure and system for ensuring that Directors' duties will be executed in an efficient manner

During this fiscal year, the Board of Directors meeting was held 12 times, and we discussed and made decisions on important matters relating to organization, transfer and evaluation of employees, and business results, etc. Furthermore, Directors responsible for key departments reported to us on the execution of operations.

Other important matters concerning our business operations were discussed at the Management Committee, which consists of Executive President, Executive Vice Presidents, Senior Managing Executive Officers and Senior Executive Officers, and the meeting was held 43 times during this fiscal year.

(4) Corporate structure, system and regulations on management of risks of loss

We perform an annual review of the material risks. The Risk Management Committee and the risk management unit ascertain the status of the risk management and consider the countermeasures.

We have established a framework of responding to large-scale disasters, accidents and contingencies in accordance with the 'Emergency Response Organization Regulations.' During this fiscal year, we took response actions on five occasions, which included responding to earthquakes.

(5) Corporate structure and system for ensuring that employees will execute their duties in conformity with the relevant acts, the Articles of Incorporation, and other rules and regulations

We have set up a 'Tokyo Gas Compliance Consulting Unit,' which deals with inquiries from staff in the Company and all of its subsidiaries. We are also using our intranet, etc. to inform everyone that we have a whistleblowing desk, while trying to increase awareness of the rules for preventing whistleblowers from being subject to unfair treatment.

The Internal Audit Department has 38 employees. It performs an audit on each department and subsidiary to examine compliance, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and information security, then provides recommendations on improvements as needed. It also reports the audit findings, as appropriate, to the Board of Directors, the Management Committee and Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(6) Corporate structure and system for ensuring appropriateness of operations at the corporate group including subsidiaries

The Directors received reports on important matters such as financial statements related to business results from its subsidiaries and gave prior approval in accordance with the 'Regulations on the Management of Subsidiaries.' In this fiscal year, the Internal Audit Department audited five key subsidiaries.

Each subsidiary is using the 'Tokyo Gas Compliance Consulting Unit,' in accordance with the 'Regulations for the Operation of Compliance Consulting Unit.'

(7) Matters related to employees who are assigned to assist in the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and matters related to independence of the relevant employees from Directors

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Office has five staff members, and has a framework whereby the tasks of Audit & Supervisory Board Members can be performed smoothly.

The Board of Directors has made decisions concerning the human resources-related matters of the manager of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Office and other employees after having obtained the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(8) Corporate structures and systems for reporting by Directors and employees to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, for other reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and for ensuring that Audit & Supervisory Board Members' audits will be executed in an effective manner

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members attend not only the Board of Directors meeting, but also other important meetings including the Management Committee and the Business Ethics Committee, where they check the progress of enhancing and operating the internal control system.

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members are making efforts to increase the effectiveness of audits by regularly organizing opportunities to exchange information and opinions with the Internal Audit Department, the Accounting Auditor, and Audit & Supervisory Board Members of subsidiaries. During this fiscal year, we organized three opportunities with the Internal Audit Department, seven opportunities with the Accounting Auditor, and four opportunities with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of subsidiaries to exchange information and opinions.

$\frac{\texttt{Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity}}{\texttt{From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019}}$

(Millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity						
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity		
Balance at beginning of current period	141,844	1,898	936,635	(3,642)	1,076,736		
Changes of items during period							
Dividends of surplus			(24,932)		(24,932)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent			84,555		84,555		
Purchase of treasury shares				(20,051)	(20,051)		
Disposal of treasury shares				2	2		
Retirement of treasury shares			(19,580)	19,580			
Decrease in the number of consolidated subsidiaries			(128)		(128)		
Change in treasury shares of parent arising from transactions with non-controlling shareholders		(263)			(263)		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity							
Total changes of items during period	-	(263)	39,914	(469)	39,182		
Balance at end of current period	141,844	1,634	976 , 550	(4,111)	1,115,918		

		Accumulated					
	Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehen- sive income	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of current period	30,282	(251)	33,206	(3,945)	59 , 291	12,405	1,148,433
Changes of items during period							
Dividends of surplus							(24,932)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							84,555
Purchase of treasury shares							(20,051)
Disposal of treasury shares							2
Retirement of treasury shares							-
Decrease in the number of consolidated subsidiaries							(128)
Change in treasury shares of parent arising from transactions with non-controlling shareholders							(263)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(7,525)	1 , 856	(8,435)	(2,049)	(16,154)	(115)	(16, 269)
Total changes of items during period	(7,525)	1,856	(8,435)	(2,049)	(16,154)	(115)	22,912
Balance at end of current period	22,756	1,604	24,770	(5,994)	43,137	12,289	1,171,345

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019

[Basis of Preparing Consolidated Financial Statements]
1. Scope of consolidation

- (1) Number of consolidated subsidiaries
 Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 78
 Names of principal consolidated subsidiaries
 TOKYO GAS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD, Tokyo Gas America Ltd., Tokyo Gas Urban
 Development Co., Ltd., Tokyo Gas Engineering Solutions Corporation,
 Tokyo Gas International Holdings B.V., Ohgishima Power Co., Ltd., Tokyo
 Gas Site Development Co., Ltd., Nagano Toshi Gas Inc., Tokyo LNG Tanker
 Co., Ltd., Tokyo Gas Energy Co., Ltd., Capty Co., Ltd., Tokyo Gas
 Chemicals Co., Ltd., Tokyo Gas Lease Co., Ltd., TOKYO GAS i NET CORP.,
 and Nijio Co., Ltd.
- (2) Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries: 5 Names of principal unconsolidated subsidiaries Niihama LNG Co., Ltd., Harumi Eco Energy Co., Ltd. Unconsolidated subsidiaries are excluded from the scope of consolidation all due to their small size and the immaterial effect of total assets, net sales, and of profit or loss (amount corresponding to our interest) and of retained earnings and others (amount corresponding to our interest) of each company on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. Application of equity method

(1) Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method

Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries

accounted for using equity method:

Number of associates accounted for using equity method: 14

Names of principal entities accounted for using equity method:

TOKYO TIMOR SEA RESOURCES INC., GAS MALAYSIA BERHAD, Castleton Resources LLC, Birdsboro Power Holdings II, LLC, SHIBA PARK SPECIAL PURPOSE COMPANY

(2) Names, etc. of principal unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates not accounted for using equity method

The Company's principal unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates not accounted for using equity method: Ark Hills Heat Supply Co., Ltd.

The unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates not accounted for using equity method were excluded from the scope of application of equity methods, due to the immaterial effect of profit or loss (amount corresponding to our interest) and the total of retained earnings and others (amount corresponding to our interest) on the Consolidated Financial Statements and, as a whole, their insignificance.

3. Accounting policies

- (1) Valuation bases and methods of significant assets
 - The valuation basis and method of securities are as follows:
 Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at amortized cost.
 Available-for-sale securities with readily determinable fair value are carried at fair value based on the market price at the year end, etc., with valuation differences, reported in a separate component of net assets. The cost of securities sold is determined by the moving-average method.

Available-for-sale securities with no readily determinable fair value are stated at cost, as determined by the moving-average method.

- 2) Derivatives are valued by the fair value method.
- 3) Inventories (finished goods, raw materials and supplies) are stated at cost, as determined by the moving-average method (consolidated balance sheet values are calculated using the book value reduction method based on declining profitability).
- (2) Methods of depreciation and amortization of significant depreciable assets
 - 1) The declining-balance method is mainly applied for property, plant and equipment. However, the straight-line method is applied for buildings (excluding building fixtures) acquired on or after April 1, 1998, and facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016.

 Durable years are mainly determined based on the **Corporation Tay**
 - Durable years are mainly determined based on the 'Corporation Tax Act.'
 - 2) The straight-line method is mainly applied for intangible assets. Software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method over the internally available period.
- (3) Basis for significant provisions
 - To reserve for loss on doubtful accounts such as accounts receivable - trade and loans receivable, etc., general allowances are provided using a rate determined by past bad debts experience and also specific allowances are provided for the estimated amounts considered to be uncollectible after reviewing individual collectibles of certain doubtful accounts such as bankruptcy/ rehabilitation claims.
 - 2) The Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries provide provision for gas holder repairs for periodic maintenance and repair of spherical gas holding tanks by distributing the estimated related costs to each fiscal term during the period until the next scheduled repair.
 - 3) Provision for safety measures is an allowance to provide outlays for expenses required to ensure the safety of gas consumers. We have individually recorded the estimated future expenses that will be required after the consolidated balance sheet date to install cushioning material for gas valves of built-in kitchens with drawer-type cabinets, and expenses required for work on exchanging valve connections for gas appliances with air extractor vents for valve connections without air extractor vents.
 - 4) Provision for appliance warranties is an allowance to provide outlays for expenses required for services during warranty periods of appliances sold. The estimated future expenses required after the consolidated balance sheet date are recorded.
 - 5) Provision for point service program is an allowance to provide outlays for expenses arising through the use of point service. The estimated future expenses required after the consolidated balance sheet date are recorded.
- (4) Other significant matters for preparing Consolidated Financial Statements
 - All accounting transactions are booked exclusive of consumption taxes.
 - 2) Method and period of amortization of goodwill Goodwill is amortized over twenty years or less under the straight-line method depending on the reasons for recognition of goodwill.
 - 3) Method for accounting for retirement benefits

To provide for retirement benefits to employees, the Company records the amount of retirement benefit obligations, based on the estimated amount at the end of the current fiscal year, minus pension plan assets as a net defined benefit liability; note, however, that, in the case where the amount of pension assets exceeds that of retirement benefit obligations, it is recorded as a net defined benefit asset.

Actuarial differences are mainly recorded as expenses in one lump-sum in the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the actuarial gain or loss incurs.

Unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized prior service costs are posted as remeasurements of defined benefit plans in accumulated other comprehensive income under the net assets section after adjusting for tax effects. In the calculation of retirement benefit obligations, expected benefits are mainly attributed to the period up until the fiscal year under review on the benefit formula basis.

4. Changes in presentation

(1) Implementation of Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting, etc.

The Company has implemented the Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting (ASBJ Statement No. 28, February 16, 2018), etc. starting the fiscal year under review. Deferred tax assets are shown under investments and other assets, and deferred tax liabilities are shown under non-current liabilities.

[Explanatory notes regarding the consolidated balance sheet]

- 1. Assets pledged as collateral
 - (1) Breakdown of assets

2204140111 02 400000		
Other facilities	¥2,292	million
Construction in progress	¥1,691	million
Investment securities	¥34,697	million
Long-term loans receivable	¥26	million
Cash and deposits	¥1,318	million

(2) Liabilities secured by the collaterals

Long-term loans payable

Current portion of long-term loans payable

Other current liabilities

¥1,994 million

¥144 million

¥48 million

2. Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment

¥4,009,802 million

- 3. Guarantee obligation etc.
 - (1) Guarantee obligation

¥33,764 million

[Explanatory notes regarding the consolidated statement of changes in equity]

1. Number of shares issued as of the end of this fiscal year

451,355,759 shares

- 2. Dividends
 - (1) Dividends of surplus of this fiscal year
 - The following was decided by the resolution of the Annual Shareholders Meeting held on June 28, 2018.
 - Dividends of common share

(a)	Total amount of dividends	¥12,558	mi.	llion
(b)	Dividends per share		¥2	27.50
(C)	Date of record	March	31,	2018
(d)	Effective date	June	29,	2018

- 2) The following was decided by the meeting of the Board of Directors held on October 31, 2018.
 - Dividends of common share

(a)	Total amount of dividends	¥12,373 million
(b)	Dividends per share	¥27.50
(C)	Date of record	September 30, 2018
(d)	Effective date	November 29, 2018

(2) Dividends of surplus to be carried out after the end of this fiscal year

The following will be proposed at the Annual Shareholders Meeting to be held on June 27, 2019.

• Dividends of common share

(a)	Total amount of dividends	¥14,623 million
(b)	Resource of dividends	Retained earnings
(C)	Dividends per share	¥32.50
(d)	Date of record	March 31, 2019
(e)	Effective date	June 28, 2019

[Explanatory notes regarding financial instruments]

1. Matters related to the status of financial instruments

The Tokyo Gas Group invests funds in highly safe financial assets such as bank deposits and procures funds through bond issuance and loans from banks and other financial institutions.

We mitigate customers' credit risks related to notes and accounts receivable - trade in accordance with each group company's credit control policy. In addition, investment securities are mainly shares and we check the shares' fair values on a quarterly basis regarding listed shares.

Bonds payable and loans payable are mainly for capital investment (long-term) and for working capital (short-term), and we fix interest expenses by using interest rate swap transactions against the interest volatility risk involved in part of our long-term loans payable. In addition, when performing derivatives trading, we will draw up a plan therefor in accordance with our internal management rules and conduct the derivatives trading after receiving official approval.

2. Matters related to the fair value of financial instruments The following are the amounts on the consolidated balance sheet, their fair values and differences as of March 31, 2019.

(Millions of yen)

			1 1
	Amount on the consolidated balance sheet (*1)	Fair value (*1)	Difference
(1) Investment securities and other securities	68,812	81,013	12,200
(2) Cash and deposits	93,092	93,092	_
(3) Notes and accounts receivable - trade	265,225	265,225	_
(4) Bonds payable (*2)	[364,998]	[391,901]	(26,903)
(5) Long-term loans payable (*2)	[416,093]	[446,238]	(30,145)
(6) Derivatives	21	21	_

- $(*\bar{1})$ Figures in square brackets are those listed under liabilities. Net receivables and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are shown in net amounts. Figures in parentheses are posted to liabilities.
- (*2) (4) Bonds payable and (5) Long-term loans payable include items due within one year.
- (Note 1) Matters related to the method of measuring the fair value of financial instruments
- (1) Investment securities and other securities

The fair value of stocks refers to quotes on their respective stock exchanges.

(2) Cash and deposits

These items are listed at book value because they are settled in a short time and their fair value approximates the book values.

(3) Notes and accounts receivable - trade

These items are listed at book value because they are settled in a short time and their fair value approximates the book values.

(4) Bonds payable

The fair value of the Group's bonds payable is measured at the present value of the aggregate amount of principal and interest discounted using the rate for the period until their maturity where credit risk is inclusive.

(5) Long-term loans payable

The fair value of long-term loans payable is measured by using a method in which the aggregate amount of principal and interest is discounted at the assumed interest rates for similar new loans payable. Of the Group's long-term loans payable with variable interest rates, the fair value of those subject to special accounting treatment for interest rate swap transactions (see (6) below) is measured by using a method in which the aggregate amount

of principal and interests treated with the said interest rate swap transactions is discounted at the assumed interest rates for similar new loans payable.

(6) Derivatives

The fair value of derivatives is measured based on the prices presented by financial institutions with which we have transactions. Their fair value is included in the fair value of the said long-term loans payable, because interest rate swap transactions given the special accounting treatment are treated together with hedged long-term loans payable (see (5) above).

(Note 2) Shares of subsidiaries and associates (¥89,085 million on the consolidated balance sheet) as well as unlisted shares and others (¥67,314 million on the consolidated balance sheet) are not included in '(1) Investment securities and other securities' because they do not have market prices and therefore it is extremely difficult to determine their fair value.

[Explanatory notes regarding investment and rental properties]

- 1. Matters related to status of investment and rental properties
 The Company and some subsidiaries have office buildings for rent and other
 properties (including land under development) in Tokyo and other regions.
- 2. Matters related to the fair value of investment and rental properties

	(Millions of yen)
Amount on the consolidated balance sheet	Fair value
106,863	422,785

(Note 1) The amount on the consolidated balance sheet is the amount of acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

(Note 2) The fair value at the end of this fiscal year is mainly based on real-estate appraisal documents prepared by real-estate appraisers.

[Explanatory notes regarding per share information]

1. Net assets per share

¥2,575.99

2. Basic earnings per share

¥187.60

[Explanatory notes regarding material subsequent events]

1. Acquisition of own shares

The Company decided by resolution at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 26, 2019 to acquire own shares pursuant to the provisions of Article 156 of the Companies Act as applied by replacing the relevant terms pursuant to the provision of Article 165, paragraph 3 of the said Act.

Details of the acquisition of own shares are as follows:

- Number of shares to be repurchased: 10,000 thousand shares (maximum: 2.2% of total number of shares issued)
- Type of money to be paid in exchange for shares and aggregate amount thereof:
 Cash, a maximum of ¥24,000 million
- Period during which the Company can repurchase shares:
 May 7, 2019 March 31, 2020

[Other Explanatory notes]

1. All amounts of less than one million yen have been rounded down in the accounts.

$\frac{\texttt{Non-Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity}}{\texttt{From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019}}$

(Millions	of	yen)

		Shareholders' equity							ions or yen)	
		Capital	surplus				ained earning	ıs		
		-				Other r	etained earni	.ngs		
	Capital stock	Legal capital surplus	Total capital surplus	Legal retained earnings	Reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets	Reserve for overseas investment loss	Reserve for adjustment of cost fluctuations	General reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings
Balance at beginning of current period	141,844	2,065	2,065	35,454	6,236	8,980	141,000	339,000	199,289	729,960
Changes of items during period										
Provision of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets										
Reversal of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets					(74)				74	
Reversal of reserve for overseas investment loss						(2,213)			2,213	
Dividends of surplus									(24,932)	(24,932)
Profit									53,717	53,717
Purchase of treasury shares										
Disposal of treasury shares										
Retirement of treasury shares									(19,580)	(19,580)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity										
Total changes of items during period	П	-	П	-	(74)	(2,213)	-	=	11,492	9,204
Balance at end of current period	141,844	2,065	2,065	35,454	6,161	6,766	141,000	339,000	210,782	739,165

	Shareholo	lers' equity	Valuation an	d translation adi	ustments	
	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Total Valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of current period	(3,642)	870,228	29,712	(8,293)	21,419	891,648
Changes of items during period						
Provision of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets						-
Reversal of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets						=
Reversal of reserve for overseas investment loss						-
Dividends of surplus		(24,932)				(24,932)
Profit		53,717				53,717
Purchase of treasury shares	(20,051)	(20,051)				(20,051)
Disposal of treasury shares	2	2				2
Retirement of treasury shares	19,580					-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity			(7,440)	(1,730)	(9,170)	(9,170)
Total changes of items during period	(469)	8,735	(7,440)	(1,730)	(9,170)	(435)
Balance at end of current period	(4,111)	878,964	22,271	(10,023)	12,248	891,212

Notes to the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019

- 1. Significant accounting policies
 - (1) Valuation bases and methods of assets
 - The valuation basis and method of securities are as follows: Shares of subsidiaries and associates are stated at cost, as determined by the moving-average method.

Available-for-sale securities with readily determinable fair value are carried at fair value based on the market price at the year end, etc., with valuation differences, reported in a separate component of net assets. The cost of securities sold is determined by the moving-average method.

Available-for-sale securities with no readily determinable fair value are stated at cost, as determined by the moving-average method.

- 2) Derivatives are valued by the fair value method.
- 3) Inventories (finished goods, raw materials and supplies) are stated at cost, as determined by the moving-average method (balance sheet values are calculated using the book value reduction method based on declining profitability).
- (2) Methods of depreciation and amortization of non-current assets
 - 1) The declining-balance method is applied for property, plant and equipment. However, the straight-line method is applied for buildings (excluding building fixtures) acquired on or after April 1, 1998, and facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016.
 - Durable years are determined based on the 'Corporation Tax Act.'
 - 2) The straight-line method is applied for intangible assets. Software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method over the internally available period. Goodwill is amortized over twenty years under the straight-line method.
- (3) Basis for provisions
 - To reserve for loss on doubtful accounts such as accounts receivable - trade and loans receivable, etc., general allowances are provided using a rate determined by past bad debts experience and also specific allowances are provided for the estimated amounts considered to be uncollectible after reviewing individual collectibles of certain doubtful accounts such as bankruptcy/ rehabilitation claims.
 - 2) The Company provides provision for retirement benefits in the amount of the deemed obligations as of the balance sheet date based on the estimated amount of projected benefit obligation and the estimated fair value of the pension plan assets at that date. Actuarial differences are recorded as expenses in one lump-sum in the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the actuarial gain or loss incurs. In the calculation of retirement benefit obligations, expected benefits are attributed to periods up until the fiscal year under review on the benefit formula basis.
 - 3) The Company provides provision for gas holder repairs for periodic maintenance and repair of spherical gas holding tanks by distributing the estimated related costs to each fiscal term during the period until the next scheduled repair.
 - 4) Provision for safety measures is an allowance to provide outlays for expenses required to ensure the safety of gas consumers. We have individually recorded the estimated future expenses that will be required after the balance sheet date to install cushioning material for gas valves of built-in kitchens with drawer-type

cabinets, and expenses required for work on exchanging valve connections for gas appliances with air extractor vents for valve connections without air extractor vents.

- 5) Provision for appliance warranties is an allowance to provide outlays for expenses required for services during warranty periods of appliances sold. The estimated future expenses required after the balance sheet date are recorded.
- 6) Provision for point service program is an allowance to provide outlays for expenses arising through the use of point service. The estimated future expenses required after the consolidated balance sheet date are recorded.
- (4) All accounting transactions are booked exclusive of consumption taxes.
- 2. Changes in presentation

Changes and others associated with the revision of Ordinance for Accounting of Gas Business

With the enforcement of the Ordinance for Partial Revision of the Ordinance for Accounting of Gas Business and the Ordinance for Partial Revision of the Ordinance for Accounting of Gas Business (Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry No.36 of 2018) on June 19, 2018, Ordinance for Accounting of Gas Business was revised. Non-consolidated balance sheet and others for this fiscal year have

Non-consolidated balance sheet and others for this fiscal year have adopted the revised Ordinance for Accounting of Gas Business. Deferred tax assets are shown under investments and other assets, and deferred tax liabilities are shown under non-current liabilities.

- 3. Explanatory notes regarding the non-consolidated balance sheet
 - (1) Assets pledged as collateral

Investment securities ¥544 million Investments in subsidiaries and associates ¥8,274 million Long-term loans receivable ¥26 million

(Liabilities secured by the collaterals

(The above assets are pledged as collateral against debts incurred by companies in which the Company has invested.)

(2) Accumulated depreciation

Property, plant and equipment \$\ \xi 3,363,832 \text{ million}\$
Intangible assets \$\ \xi 33,908 \text{ million}\$

(3) Guarantee obligation, etc.

Guarantee obligation

¥74,614 million

4. Explanatory notes regarding the non-consolidated statement of income Trading volume with subsidiaries and associates

Net sales ¥221,740 million Purchases ¥411,709 million

Trading volume other than net sales and purchases

¥19,565 million

5. Explanatory notes regarding the non-consolidated statement of changes in equity

Number of shares of treasury shares as of the end of this fiscal year 1,410,673 shares

6. Explanatory notes regarding deferred tax accounting
Principal sources of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities
Deferred tax assets
Deferred tax liabilities
Provision for retirement benefits
Valuation difference on
available-for-sale securities

7. Explanatory notes regarding transactions with related parties Subsidiaries

	Percentage of voting rights holding (or being held) (%)		Contents of transaction	Amount of transaction (millions of yen)	Account name	Amount outstanding as of the end of FY2016 (millions of yen)
TOKYO GAS PLUTO PTY LTD.	Holding Indirect 100.0	Subsidiary	Loan guarantee (Note)	24,082	_	_

Business terms and policies for determination of business terms (Note) A decision is made comprehensively after due consideration of the project plan.

8. Explanatory notes regarding per share information

Net assets per share

Basic earnings per share

¥1,980.71 ¥119.18

9. Explanatory notes regarding material subsequent events Acquisition of own shares

The Company decided by resolution at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 26, 2019 to acquire own shares pursuant to the provisions of Article 156 of the Companies Act as applied by replacing the relevant terms pursuant to the provision of Article 165, paragraph 3 of the said Act.

Details of the acquisition of own shares are as follows:

- Number of shares to be repurchased:
 - Up to 10,000 thousand shares (2.2% of the common shares outstanding)
- Type of money to be paid in exchange for shares and aggregate amount thereof:

Cash, up to \$24,000\$ million

- Period during which the Company can repurchase shares:
 May 7, 2019 March 31, 2020
- 10.All amounts of less than one million yen have been rounded down in the accounts.